The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1905 XLIII—NO. 34

SOME DOUBT IN OHIO

But Indications Are That Herrick Has Been Beaten by Pattison.

CLEVELAND ELECTS JOHNSON

Cincinnati Throws George B. Cox Overboard and Elects Democratic Mayor—Chairman Dick Still Claims Victory for Herrick by Small Margin

Cincinnati, Nov. 8.—Since the early reports which estimate the plurality of Pattison, Democrat, for governor at 10,000 or 12,000 in Hamilton county and a like amount in Cuyahoga county the returns have failed to indicate the election of Pattison. Taking 220 precincts in Cincinnati, 40 in Columbus, 60 in Cleveland and 16 in Toledo, the average Democratic gain is 106 to the precinct. In 120 precincts received outside of the above cities the Democratic gain is 33 to the precinct. Estimating the 733 precincts in the above cities and the 3,390 precincts outside, gives a Democratic gain of 189,568, or 40,821 votes less than Laylin's Republican, for secretary of state, plurality in 1904.

MYRON T. HERRICK.

Columbus, Nov. 8.—At midnight Chairman Dick gave the following statement to the Associated Press:

"The election returns are fragmentary and meagre at this hour, delay being due to the large number of candidates and a great deal of local ticket scratching. While it is not practicable as yet to approximate definite figures, indications clearly point to the re-election of Governor Herrick and the entire Republican state ticket."

It had been expected that in view of the bitter fight that was made on Governor Herrick personally he would run behind his ticket, but up to midnight he was running two votes to the precinct ahead of Colonel Harris, the Republican candidate for lieutenant governor, who was expected to poll the average party vote. If this is continued throughout the state it would indicate that the bitterness of the attack on Herrick had apparently reacted in his favor and gained him votes instead of losing them.

Early Reports Favored Pattison.

The early reports, though very meagre, were so strongly in favor of Pattison that his election was bulletined and announced in many of the extras, but as fuller returns came in showing a reduced ratio of gains the Republicans became more hopeful and the Democrats refused to give out any statements, although they still maintained that they had gained a notable victory. Early in the night reports from Cincinnati were to the effect that Hamilton county, which has been counted on by the Republicans to give 20,000 plurality for Herrick, had gone for Pattison, but at midnight a private message from George B. Cox to Governor Herrick announced that Hamilton county had given the governor 3,500 plurality. The 8,000 or more given by Cuyahoga county for Pattison was close to what had been anticipated by Republican Chairman Dick, his poll announced last week giving that county to Pattison by 8,000.

As to the legislature, little in the way of definite news has been obtainable, the interest in the state contest and the long delay in counting the vote serving to suppress reports on everything below governor.

Delay Caused by Scratching.

Cleveland, Nov. 8.—At midnight the returns from only 90 precincts out of 240 in Cleveland had been reported, the delay in the count being caused by the general scratching of ballots. In these 90 precincts Pattison, Dem., for governor, had a plurality over Herrick, Rep., of 3,425.

The Republican leaders concede that with the possible exception of Alexander Hadden, Rep., for probate judge, the Democrats have made a clean sweep of all city and county candidates. The Leader, Independent Republican, says that Johnson, Dem., for mayor, will have a plurality of 12,000.

Columbus, O., Nov. 8.—At 11 o'clock last night the Democratic leaders in this state claimed the election of Pattison and the entire Democratic ticket by substantial pluralities, while the Republicans simply refused to concede such a claim, insisting that the returns were insufficient at that hour to indicate anything except that the vote had been very heavy and that the amount of scratching had made counting very slow.

In the cities the Republican loss exceeded 100 to the precinct, but as the loss per precinct outside of the large cities was so far as reported only about 30, there was no certainty that the loss would run high enough to wipe out the 230 000 Republican plurality with which comparisons were made. Less than 300 of the 4,200 precincts had been heard from at 11 o'clock.

Cincinnati, Nov. 8.—If 23 precincts in Cincinnati not heard from maintain the average gain of the others, Pattison will carry the city by 1,500.

Forty precincts in Ohio outside of Hamilton, Cuyahoga, Franklin and Lucas counties show a Democratic gain of 25 to the precinct.

Toledo, Nov. 8.—Five precincts in Toledo give Herrick, Republican for governor, 199; Pattison, Dem., 206; Whitlock, Ind., for mayor, 281; Finch, Rep., 186. This is a Democratic gain of 65 to a precinct on the head of the ticket.

George B. Cox concedes Dempsey's election as mayor by 15,000 and that Pattison carries Hamilton county by 12,000. He says Pattison has carried the state by 60,000.

Cleveland Conceded to Democrats.

Cleveland, Nov. 8.—At 10 p. m. Republican leaders conceded that the Democrats had carried the city and county by substantial pluralities. Mayor Johnson, Democrat, declared that his plurality would not be less than 8,000. Pattison, Dem., for governor, will probably have 10,000 plurality in this, Cuyahoga, county.

Findlay, O., Nov. 8.—Hancock county gives Pattison a plurality of 300.

Zanesville, Nov. 8.—Estimated official returns at 10 p. m. from 10 precincts out of 61, Pattison will have a plurality of 200 over Herrick in Muskingum county.

Cleveland, Nov. 8.—Chairman Davis of the Republican county committee says that Alexander Hadden, Republican, for probate judge, will probably be the only Republican county candidate to survive the Democratic tidal wave.

Columbus, Nov. 8. — Democratic Chairman Garber has issued a statement claiming the election of Pattison and the entire state ticket by a large plurality.

Columbus, Nov. 8.—Returns from 22 of the 198 precincts in Franklin county show an average gain for Pattison, Democrat for governor, of 22 to a precinct. This, if maintained, would leave Herrick, Republican, a plurality in the county of about 5000.

REPUBLICANS CARRY COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY

Pittsburg, Nov. 8.—The Gazette says: The Republican party has won a great victory in Allegheny county. J. Lee Plummer, the candidate for state treasurer, was given the largest plurality he received anywhere in the state, and the entire local ticket has been elected by pluralities of from 5,000 to 8,000.

The Citizens will carry Pittsburg, but their majority will not be over 1,500. They have been claiming 10,000.

Allegheny has been carried by the Republican ticket from top to bottom. The plurality may reach 3,000.

In McKeesport, J. D. O'Neil, the Citizens candidate for recorder, will have a possible plurality of 500. The balance of the fusion candidates were badly beaten.

At midnight Mayor Hays and Director Bigelow were practically conceding defeat. At the same hour City Solicitor S. G. Porter of Allegheny said: "It is an overwhelming Republican victory."

GEORGE B. COX RETIRES.

Ohio Republican Leader Yields Reins to Other Hands.

Cincinnati, Nov. 8.—George B. Cox, the well-known Republican leader, last night gave to the Associated Press the following statement withdrawing from active service in the Republican party:

"Now that the election is over and the people have signified their preference for city, county and state officials, and I sincerely trust they have selected wisely, I wish to announce to the public that from this day, after 25 years of active service in the ranks of the Republican party, my personal activity in politics shall cease. I will continue to vote the Republican ticket, but others must bear the burden of future campaigns. To the local Republican organization and the many friends that have stood with us in the past I tender most grateful thanks for their unswerving loyalty and support. I hope for their future good will."

Circus Animals Escape to Woods.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 8.—A train carrying the paraphernalia of a small circus was wrecked near Temple, Texas, and nearly all the animals escaped to the woods. A panic prevails in the rural districts.

HEARST TO CONTEST

Claims Tammany Cast 50,000 Fraudulent Votes in New York.

JEROME WINS OVER OSBORNE

Plurality Claimed by Tammany for McClellan Only Few Thousand. Maryland Defeats Suffrage Amendment—Massachusetts Republican.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Election returns received by the Associated Press up to 2 o'clock this morning show that the Democrats have carried the mayoralty campaign in New York city, the state ticket in Pennsylvania, the state ticket in Virginia and the city ticket in Louisville, while the Republicans have made a clean sweep in Massachusetts and Chicago and Cook county and have carried their tickets in New Jersey, Rhode Island, Nebraska and Maryland.

WILLIAM TRAVERS JEROME.

Who Wins Great Personal Triumph.

In New York Hearst had a plurality in the borough of Brooklyn of almost 16,000 with 14 election districts missing. The returns indicate McClellan's reelection by several thousand plurality. Hearst has charged fraud in the voting. Bird S. Coler was elected borough president of Brooklyn on the Municipal Ownership ticket. The New York election shows that Municipal Ownership will be a considerable factor in the city's politics.

In Ohio the result is still doubtful, though the returns to a late hour indicated the election of Pattison, the Democratic candidate for governor.

The suffrage amendment in Maryland was defeated overwhelmingly. Massachusetts elected a Republican governor by a majority approximating that of Douglas, the present Democratic governor. There were charges of fraud in New York city and in Louisville.

New York, Nov. 8.—Returns to midnight indicate that George B. McClellan, Dem., is reelected mayor of New York by between 3,000 and 4,000 plurality over W. R. Hearst, Municipal Ownership, and that William T. Jerome, Independent, is reelected district attorney by about 8,000 over James W. Osborne, Democrat.

At midnight Mr. Hearst declined to admit his defeat and declared his intention to contest the election. At that time returns from 184 election districts had not been received. McClellan had 205,598; Hearst, 203,370, and Ivins, 130,326 votse.

Hearst Will Contest Election.

The following statement was issued at midnight by W. H. Hearst: "We have won this election. All Tammany's frauds, all Tammany's corruption, all Tammany's intimidation and violence, all Tammany's false registration, illegal voting and dishonest count have not been able to overcome a great popular majority. The record will show that we have won the election by many thousands of votes.

"I shall fight this battle to the end in behalf of the people who have cast their votes for me and who shall not be disfranchised by any effort of criminal bosses."

The extent to which the Tammany organization was shaken may be judged from the fact that there was no fusion of the opposition parties the means by which the organization has been combatted heretofore, but that Jerome, running as a candidate of no party and with his record in office as his platform, succeeded in overcoming the former prestige of the Democratic organization, and William Randolph Hearst, standing as the nominee of the Municipal Ownership League, a new factor in New York politics, came within a few thousand votes of being elected mayor.

At 11 o'clock, when about half the returns for New York county were in, it appeared that Jerome had won by several thousand. His triumph was almost entirely a personal one and showed that an appeal may be made successfully to voters on the strength of personal honesty and persistent, systematic denunciation of graft.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Nov. 8.—Lieutenant Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, the Republican candidate, was elected governor of Massachusetts by a plurality of 29,435 over General Charles W. Bartlett of Boston, the Democratic candidate. For the second place on the ticket, for which there was an unusually warm contest, Eben S. Draper of Hopedale, the Republican candidate, won over Henry M. Whitney of Brookline, his Democratic opponent and the leading advocate for reciprocity, by a plurality of 3,942.

Baltimore, Nov. 8.—The News, Independent, announces that Baltimore has given a majority of 5,000 for McCullough, Republican, for comptroller; 15,000 majority for Chief Justice Harlan, Democrat, and a majority of about 25,000 against the suffrage amendment.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 8.—Early returns from the state elections in this state indicate the reelection of Governor George H. Utter (Rep.) by a plurality slightly over 1,000 votes. A Republican legislature in both branches is assured.

UTAH.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 8.—American party managers claim the election of Ezra Thompson, anti-Mormon candidate for mayor.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—Eugene Schmitz, Union Labor candidate, has been reelected mayor of this city by 15,000 majority.

BERRY WINS VICTORY IN KEYSTONE STATE.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—Estimates from practically every county in the state indicate the election of Berry, Dem., for state treasurer by from 75,000 to 100,000 plurality. Official returns will probably increase the figures.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—Philadelphia has been swept by the reform movement, the City party winning by a surprisingly large plurality.

While returns from only six of the 42 wards in this city had been counted up to midnight, enough is known of the result in the remaining wards to indicate the defeat of the local Republican ticket by from 60,000 to 75,000 plurality.

The victory of the city party carries with it the election of William H. Berry, the Democratic and reform candidate for state treasurer. J. Lee Plummer, the Republican candidate for that office, was badly cut throughout the city and state and he has lost his own county, which is usually Republican.

The result has the appearance of a landslide for reform not only in Philadelphia but throughout the state.

United States Senator Penrose's ward, the Eighth, which gave over 4,000 Republican majority last year, was carried by the City party by 50 majority. Berry, Democrat for state treasurer, had 52 plurality in the ward.

City Party Chairman Edmonds last night sent the following telegram to President Roosevelt: "Philadelphia has risen to its opportunity and stands redeemed. The principle of honesty in government so effectively espoused by you has won an overwhelming triumph. Our majority approximates 75,000."

Telegraph Thanks to Root.

To Secretary Root the following was telegraphed: "The masquerade is over. The criminal and corrupt combination has been driven from power by the righteous indignation of a great Republican city. We have only begun. Our thanks to you for your splendid aid."

At 10 p. m the City party headquarters sent the following telegram to Governor Folk of Missouri: "We have swept the city by 60,000 majority."

Contrary to expectation, there was no very serious disturbance in the city. There were, however, many small scrimmages at polling places, especially in the more thickly settled wards, where the Republican organization is very strong and where the City party put up a most determined fight. The police department was at all times master of the situation.

Never in the history of the city were such complete arrangements made for preventing the casting of illegal votes. Besides the large number of watchers and overseers located at the 1,100 polling places, there were from two to six policemen stationed at each. The orders were explicit, and the numerous squabbles between policemen and election officers proves that they attempted to carry them out.

Police Regulate Voting.

The patrolmen assigned to the polls carried lists of names of illegal voters. These lists were handed to the election officers, who were warned not to permit any one to vote on the names. The policemen were also held responsible that an illegal vote was cast. Every ballot box had to be opened for the policeman's inspection before voting began. The patrolmen were not permitted to leave the polling places and were required to remain on duty until the vote was counted.

The orders of the police proved extremely irksome to many election officers, principally those affiliated with the Republicans. In many cases they ordered the police away from the polling places and upon their refusal to leave took the matter to court.

PEACE IS DAWNING

Premier Witte Gradually Regaining Control of Distracted Russians.

COSSACK ESCORT WIPED OUT

Two Companies Aggregating Over 200 Men Annihilated by Revolutionists Who Lay in Ambush—Relief Work Being Undertaken in Odessa.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 8.—The project for a sweeping extension of the suffrage in elections to the national assembly, promised by the emperor, is published.

After the first days of confusion and doubt following the issuance of the manifesto giving a constitution to Russia and nominating Count Witte as premier the latter's new government appears to be getting fairly under way.

The cabinet with which Count Witte will undertake the difficult task of guiding the nation on its new course of constitutionalism and preventing the radical elements from driving it on the rocks of revolution is now beginning to take form. The names of the two Shipoffs, one of them, Ivan, having been Count Witte's former assistant in the ministry of finance and his associate at Portsmouth, N. H., and the other, Dmitri, the Moscow zemstovist, who was president of the first zemstvo congress, are announced as his selection for minister of finance and comptroller general.

Kutais, Caucasus, Nov. 8.—Cossacks who were escorting M. Lazarenko, a county official, and M. Polarski, a justice of the peace, were ambushed in the Ozurgeti district by revolutionaries who were fighting the troops sent to the district to restore order. Two entire companies, consisting of 107 and 120 men respectively, were wiped out.

Odessa, Nov. 8.—The town council and the newspapers have opened collections in behalf of the victims of last week's slaughter. The municipality headed the list with $12,500 and has established temporary refuges and food kitchens.

The losses total many millions and no less than 800 families are ruined. Some wealthy merchants have been reduced to poverty.

Railroad traffic is now entirely restored. The newspapers, in consequence of the governor's warning, appeared without a word of reference to the greatest disaster which has visited Odessa since its foundation.

The reactionary Mayor Krzhanovsky, Chief of Police Golovin and Curator of Educational Institutions Solsky have resigned.

The mobs completely devastated, plundered and burned all the Jewish houses in the suburb of Dalnik. In the larger villages of Severinovka and Anatolievka and the towns of Ovidiopol, Maiaki, Akkerman, Atkai, Olviopol and Minitza many hundred persons are reported to have been killed and thousands wounded.

The details of last week's massacres at Odessa are gradually leaking out and only serve to add to the horrors. It appears that the soldiers ruthlessly slaughtered the defenders of Jewish houses. In one case 46 railway workmen who were defending Jews on Frokborovskaia street were shot.

At the Jewish agricultural school the rioters first secured a large sum of money from the principal as a guarantee of his safety and afterwards returned and demanded more. Failing in obtaining any more money they slaughtered a number of the pupils. The rest escaped.

In another case under horrible torture rioters forced a rabbi to surrender the key of his safe containing $1,100 deposited in his keeping and then killed the rabbi and his wife.

A Bright Youth.

She (archly)—Whom should you call the prettiest girl in the room?

He (looking about him)—H'm! Well, to tell the truth, there isn't a pretty girl in the place.

BOYER FOLLOWS DARWIN.

Ohio Wife Murderer Hangs Himself in Cleveland Jail.

Cleveland, Nov. 8.—Following closely upon the suicide of Albert H. Darwin in the county jail, Adam Boyer, a prisoner charged with the murder of his wife, ended his life by hanging himself from the water pipe in his cell. In the same cell with Boyer were two prison trusties. So quietly did Boyer do his work that neither of the other men knew that he was dead until they awakened in the morning.

Boyer shot and killed his wife in Berea several weeks ago and a posse searched unsuccessfully for him for two or three days. Later Boyer gave himself up to the Cleveland police.

New Trial Refused Mrs. Chadwick.

Cincinnati, Nov. 8.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick has lost her last hope for a new trial, unless the supreme court of the United States shall consent to allow a rehearing. The United States circuit court of appeals has refused her application for a new trial.

VASSAR GIRL A SUICIDE.

Body of Miss Ensign of Youngstown Found in Lake.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Nov. 8.—The body of Miss Emily Ensign of Youngstown, O., a member of freshman class at Vassar college, has been found in the college lake.

Subsequent investigation showed that Miss Ensign, not feeling well, took some headache powders. It is believed that she unintentionally took an overdose and that while dazed by the effects of the medicine wandered away in the darkness and accidentally walked into the water.

The discovery of the body followed a search instituted by Mrs. Kendricks, the principal of the college, when she learned of the absence from her dormitory of Miss Ensign through the latter's friends. The young woman's friends became alarmed when she failed to return to her room at the usual time for retiring.

Miss Ensign, since coming to the college this fall, had given frequent evidence of homesickness. Recently her mother visited her and since that time she had appeared in much better spirits. The previous day she joined her classes as usual and later appeared on the campus, where her young women friends congratulated her upon her improved appearance.

Immediately after the finding of the body the faculty attempted to trace Miss Ensign's movements. They were able to learn little in addition to the fact that she had complained of a headache and had taken some headache powders which she had brought to the college with her from home. The theory of an overdose which temporarily affected her mind is the only one suggested.

MIDSHIPMAN BRANCH DEAD.

Result of 25-Round Fist Fight With Classmate.

Annapolis, Nov. 8.—Midshipman Branch of the naval academy is dead here from injuries received in a fight with Midshipman Minor Merriweather of Lafayette, Ill. The fight took place by arrangement and was a regular pitched battle with a ring and seconds. It lasted 23 rounds and ended when Branch was knocked down and struck the right side of his head against the floor.

Branch was taken to the hospital and an operation was performed by Surgeons Finny of Baltimore and Kerr of Washington, assisted by the academy medical staff. It was thought to be successful, but a turn for the worse took place at daylight and the patient died at 10 o'clock, not having regained consciousness. Both his father and mother were with him at his death.

Merriweather is also in the hospital as a result of the injuries received in the fight and for that reason the authorities have not put him under arrest. The question of his accountability to the civil authorities on a charge of manslaughter has also been discussed. He is suffering with a sprained wrist and a bruised face. Branch was a second class man and Merriweather a third, but the latter is slightly older, being 19 years of age.

It is understood that the fight took place because Branch had in his line of duty reported Merriweather for a breach of discipline.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—NOV. 7.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 63@63½; high mixed, 61½@62; new yellow ear, 50@51.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $13@13.25; No. 2, $12@12.50; No. 1 clover, $10.75@11.25; No. 1 mixed, $10.75@11.25.

Eggs—Selected, 24@25.

Butter—Prints, 25½@26; tubs, 24½@25, dairy, 16@17.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 13½@14; Ohio full cream, 13½@14; Wisconsin Swiss, 15@15½; limberger, new, 13@13½.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.50@5.75; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, $3.25@3.85; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $3.75@4.25; choice milch cows, $35@50; medium to good milch cows, $20@30; good, fat smooth, handy butchers' bulls $3.25@3.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.50@4; feed steers, common to good quality, $3@3.50; fair to choice stockers, $2.85@3.40.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, 7.25@7.75; veals, fair to good, $5.50@7; heavy and thin calves, $3@4.50.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.20@5.25; medium weights, $5.10; best heavy yorkers, $5.05@5.10; good light yorkers, $5@5.05; pigs, good to prime, $5@5.05.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $5.25@5.50, good to choice mixed, $4.85@5.15; fair to good mixed, $4@4.75; culls and common, $3@4; spring lambs, $4.50@7.35.

A Bishop's Pun.

Henry Niles Pierce, Episcopal bishop of Arkansas, was as inveterate and clever a punster as the noted English divine, Sydney Smith. On one occasion a lady in expressing her admiration of his erudition exclaimed:

"Why, bishop, you are a perfect ocean of learning."

"No, ma'am," was the modest rejoinder, "I'm only a part of the see of Arkansas."

Worse Than East Africa.

The worst climate I have ever experienced is that of New York, which presents all the disadvantages of the arctic and torrid zones.—From "The East African Protectorate," by Sir Charles Eliot.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

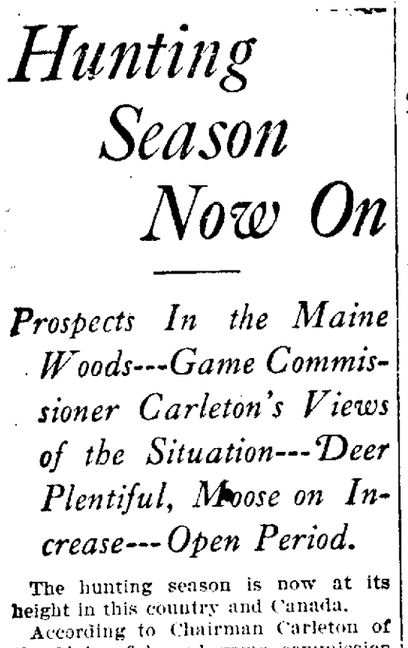
Hunting Season Now On

Prospects In the Maine Woods---Game Commissioner Carleton's Views of the Situation---Deer Plentiful, Moose on Increase---Open Period.

The hunting season is now at its height in this country and Canada.

According to Chairman Carleton of the Maine fish and game commission and the reports of guides, the prospect is for good sport in Maine this fall, deer being as plentiful as ever, moose on the increase and birds abundant.

There have been no changes in the Maine game laws other than those re-



RESULT OF A GOOD DAY'S WORK WITH RIFLE.

lating to the fees to be paid by nonresidents. The open and close seasons remain the same.

The fee charged nonresidents for hunting big game continues at $15. The fee to hunt birds and other game in their season prior to Oct. 1 was made $5, and a person who has paid this fee may exchange his license after Oct. 1 for the regular fifteen dollar hunting license by paying $10 additional.

The law now allows one who has a license to take home ten partridges, ten woodcock and ten ducks, provided that he shall attach to the game a coupon tag from his license. Heretofore the Maine law has not allowed a nonresident to take any birds out of the state, and the concession is appreciated by hunters from far away.

"Not since I have been a member of the game commission," says Mr. Carleton, "have partridges and ducks—particularly partridges—been nearly so plentiful as they are this year. There is also an abundance of deer, according to reports from wardens all over the hunting region, and no one should have any difficulty in getting his legal allowance of two deer this season.

"As for moose, that is another question, more difficult to answer. Moose are now found in localities where there were none a few years ago, and many contend that this is a sure sign of their increase, while others say that the game is being driven from its usual haunts by the operations of lumbermen.

"It is not easy to get a moose, although I have known the most inexperienced hunters to blunder upon the game and kill it without much difficulty and with little expense involved in their trip. On the other hand, old hunters often go home empty handed.

"Hundreds of good, big moose will be killed, I have no doubt, this season. We have had the most successful fish-

THE END OF A GIANT BULL MOOSE.

ing season on record in Maine, and, with good weather, I look for a fine hunting season."

The deer season in Maine lasts until Dec. 1 and the moose season also. The big game season in New Brunswick opened Oct. 15. Moose are reported plentiful there.

Redlac's Record.

Redlac now holds the record for the Ohio stake at 2:07¼, Tiverton's mile in 2:08¼ last year being the best until the son of Allerton took a fall out of it.

Curry and His Mares.

Jack Curry is back in California with Tuna and Brilliant Girl. Both mares were off all the season.

Al Kauffman.

Billy Delaney's New Candidate For Heavyweight Ring Honors---His Record.

By THOMAS F. CLARK.

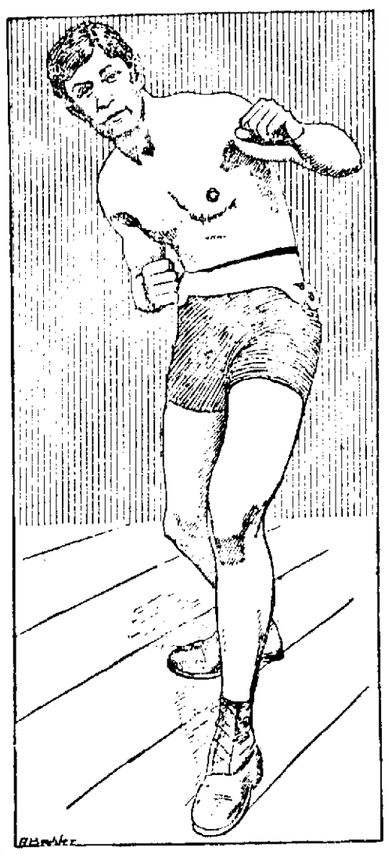
There is a new heavyweight pugilist in San Francisco who seems to be well worth watching. His name is Al Kauffman, and he won his first professional battle in San Francisco recently in such beautiful and finished form that California critics are praising him to the skies.

Even with due allowance for the enthusiasm that bubbles and gushes over every performance of a "native son," the cold record of fact shows that Kauffman fought like a veteran. There is fair ground for hope that he will keep such men as Bob Fitzsimmons, Gus Ruhlin, Marvin Hart and George Gardiner busy for awhile. The native sons are already dreaming of seeing him in the ring with Jeffries, "the only one."

The most promising thing about the new wonder is that Billy Delaney has taken him in charge. Delaney knows his business. He has trained and handled two men in his time—Jim Corbett and Jim Jeffries.

Kauffman is twenty-one years old, just the right age for a big, healthy fellow to begin his ring career. He is the amateur heavyweight champion of the Pacific coast. That alone is not a dazzling achievement, for fight connoisseurs remember that Jack Munroe held that title for years before Jeffries blew out his light with one puff; also that Sam Berger, a magnificent big creature of 192 pounds, held it last year until little 156 pound Bill Rodenbach of New York beat him with one hand, so to speak.

It was Kauffman's style rather than the mere title that attracted Billy Delaney's attention. During the year in which he has been before the public he has fought only six amateur battles. Every one of these he has won in less than one round. Sounds like the early history of John L. Sullivan, doesn't it, except that John never wasted punches on mere amateurs? But when a man blots out all his opponents in such decisive style it is a sign that there is good stuff in him, so Delaney, who has been growing fat and listless since Jeff retired in disgust in finding no one able to give him battle, at last hunted



AL KAUFFMAN.

up Kauffman and persuaded him to turn professional. Here is the raw material Delaney found to work upon:

Height, 6 feet 1 inch; weight, 190 pounds; reach, 75 inches; chest (normal), 39⅞ inches; chest (expanded), 43 inches; neck, 17 inches; right biceps, 15 inches; left biceps, 14¾ inches; right forearm, 12½ inches; left forearm, 12½ inches; waist, 31½ inches; right thigh, 23 inches; left thigh, 23 inches; right calf, 15½ inches; left calf, 15½ inches; right ankle, 11 inches; left ankle, 11 inches.

Best of all, the boy has abundant confidence in his own ability and a calm mind that cannot be rattled. A pugilist who lacks these qualities had better take a broom and knock out the dust in the street. He is fit for little else.

As the first antagonist for Kauffman in the ring Delaney picked out Harry Foley, a San Francisco lad of 170 pounds who, while not in the first class, has a creditable record. He made a fine showing not long ago with Jack Williams at Philadelphia, and he has held Kid McCoy even in a private bout for fun.

The test was made in the arena of the Hayes Valley A. C., in San Francisco, recently. Foley, the veteran, was nervous and anxious; Kauffman, the novice, was all ice as to the emotions, but fast as lightning with feet and fists.

Foley began by bustling in with a lot of fiddling and feinting. Kauffman smiled and stepped back, refusing to be bluffed into making any flurried moves. As Foley came on the novice sent a short left hook for the body and followed with a light tap of the right that grazed Foley's arm.

Then Kauffman made a bluff with the left for the head and followed with a short right hook that caught Foley on the chin and put him out for five minutes.

The fight lasted 1 minute 25 seconds.

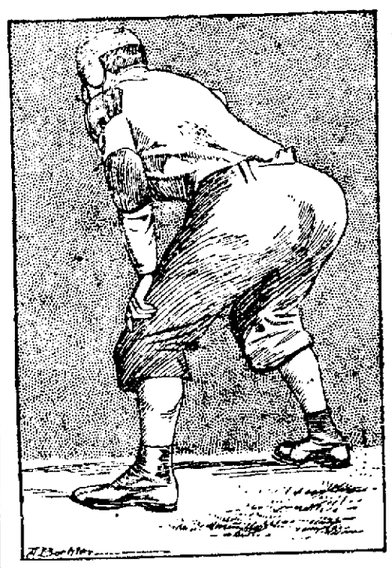
A Timely Talk to Halfbacks

Must Be Aggressive and Full of Grit---Hold the Ball Tightly---Tackle and Interfere Well. How to Get a Quick Start.

By W. T. (BILL) REID, JR.,
Head coach at Harvard university.

Besides having the proper spirit every halfback should be heartily co-operative. He should be full of aggressiveness both on the offense and defense, full of sand and grit and imbued with a reasonable amount of judgment. Physically a halfback should be compactly built, strong and quick, never slow or clumsy and should weigh anywhere from 170 to 190 pounds.

Formerly it was not necessary to have such heavy halfbacks owing to the



HALFBACK IN POSITION TO START.

fact that one or more linemen could always be used to do the heavy line breaking work. Now, however, when the ball must be carried over the greater portion of the field by a limited number of men, the necessity for heavy, powerful halfbacks to do this must be evident.

In earlier days, before the defensive side of the game came to be so well understood and before special styles of defense were devised to meet special forms of offense, it was generally planned to have at least one of the halfbacks a good end runner. This provision is not so important now as it once was owing to the fact that end running is no longer practiced with old time success.

The defense has mastered the end running game unless indeed it consists of skillfully devised deception. In its place has come the demand for heavy line buckers and plungers.

Whether bucking or running, a halfback should never allow himself to loosen his hold on the ball owing to the necessity of giving much attention to passing some particular opponent.

The grip on the ball should be automatic and viselike. Where a back is uncertain of his hold he may get good practice by bouncing a ball against a wall and then clapping it at once into position on the return.

It is of course necessary that the backs should tackle and interfere well. This means that they should both tackle and interfere low—the only difference between the two being that in case of a tackle the runner takes hold of his man, while in the interference he does all that the tackler does except take hold. A high tackler or interferer has no place behind the line, particularly in these days of heavy mass formations.

Finally, no back can be effective who does not start quickly. An offense which is so slow in reaching its object as to allow a concentration of opponents at that spot before the play hits is of course worthless.

Some backs stand in a crouching position, with one foot a little in the rear

HALFBACK JUST AFTER STARTING AND ABOUT TO RECEIVE BALL.

of the other and with the knees turned well in. This enables them to start to the right or left or to the front without a moment's loss of time and with great initial power.

Other backs assume a sprinting start. The sprint start position, with only one hand touching the ground, and that only sufficiently to steady the runner, is at the present time generally conceded to be the most effective.

Dr. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Pleasant to take, Powerful to Cure, And Welcome in every Home.

KIDNEY and LIVER cure.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to all ages and both sexes, affording permanent relief in all cases caused by impurity of the blood, such as, Kidney, Bladder and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and weaknesses peculiar to women. Successful for 30 years. Prepared by DR. D. KENNEDY'S SON'S, Rondout, N. Y. $1.00 all druggists. Six bottles $5.00.

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Stark County. } ss

Lima Trust Co. vs Canal Fulton Waterworks Co. } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on Saturday, November 25, 1905, the following described real estate, to-wit:

"A certain water works system and plant located in and adjacent to the village of Canal Fulton, Stark County, Ohio, consisting of all the lands, leases, franchises, easements and contracts belonging to said company and connected with said plant and water works system in or near the village of Canal Fulton, Ohio, including all water lines and pipes, service pipes, connections, franchises and rights granted by the common Council of said village to the said Canal Fulton Water Works Company; all water supply, springs rights and easements, together with the rents, tolls, incomes, issues and profits of said company earned or which shall be earned by it in supplying water to said village of Canal Fulton, and the inhabitants thereof including all other franchises which may be granted to said company, and all property now or which shall hereafter be acquired by said Canal Fulton Water Works Company and used in connection with said plant and water works System; also including the lands and easements described in a certain deed from Harry H. Brubaker and Mary Brubaker to the Canal Fulton Water Works Company dated December 1 1903, and recorded in volume 409, page 572 of Stark County, Ohio records, on January 15th, 1903, said lands situated in the township of Lawrence, County of Stark and State of Ohio and being a part of section sixteen, township one, range ten, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a stone in the north-east corner of the north-west quarter of section sixteen; thence south 85 degrees and 15 minutes east 614.35 feet to a stake; thence north 4 degrees and 45 minutes east 182.9 feet to a stone the place proper of beginning; thence south 66 degrees and 30 minutes east 1 1 8 feet to a stone; thence north 89 degrees and 45 minutes east 98.2 feet to a stone; thence north 15 degrees and 25 minutes east 60 feet to a stone; thence south 89 degrees and 15 minutes west 98.2 feet to a stone; thence north 66 degrees and 30 minutes west 151.8 feet to a stone; thence south 15 degrees and 25 minutes west 60 feet to place of beginning containing .344 of an acre of land more or less; and also all rights and property granted and conveyed under a contract between Henry Brubaker and Mary Brubaker on the one part and The Canal Fulton Water Works Company on the other part dated the 28th day of January, 1902, and recorded in volume 405, page 572 of Stark County Ohio Records.

Appraised at Ten Thousand ($10,000.00) Dollars.

Terms:—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

FRANK McKINNEY, Sheriff.

Cable & Parmenter, Attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

Hannah Bidwell, Plaintiff, vs. Simon Maurer et al, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale in partition to me directed and issued by the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the Court House, in Canton, Ohio, on

Saturday, November 25, 1905,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, the following described parcels of real estate, to-wit:

Parcel No. 1. Situated in the Township of Sugar Creek, County of Stark, State of Ohio, and being out-lot number four (4) in the village of Beach City, and containing one (1) acre, more or less.

Parcel No 2. Situated in the Township of Sugar Creek, County of Stark, State of Ohio, and being in and a part of the northeast quarter of section thirty-three (33), township eleven (11) and range ten (10), and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of said quarter section, then e running east along the north boundary line of said section 163 perches to the the northeast corner of said section; thence south along the east line of said section to the northeast corner of a twenty-three (23) acre tract of land conveyed to E. W. Weimer by deed recorded in Stark County Record of Deeds, Volume 61, Page 144; thence northwesterly to th northwest corner of said twenty-three (23) acre tract; thence northwesterly along the north line of a 42¾ acre tract conveyed to Uriah Meese by deed dated April 5, 1902, and recorded in Stark County Record of Deeds, Volume 403, Page 13, to the northwest corner of said 42¾ acre tract on the west line of said quarter section; thence north along said west line of said quarter section 63.2 perches to the place of beginning, saving and excepting 3.99 acres in the southwest corner thereof heretofore conveyed to D F. Maybaugh by deed recorded in Stark County Record of Deeds, Volume 176, Page 557, to all of which aforesaid deeds reference is hereby had, said Parcel containing Ninety-five (95) acres, more or less.

Appraised as follows:—Parcel No. 1 at $120 00. Parcel No 2 at $3,705 00.

Terms of sale:—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

FRANK McKINNEY, Sheriff.

Charles Lessick, Cleveland, Ohio, Plaintiff's Attorney.

THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY

C & B LINE

CONNECTING CLEVELAND and BUFFALO "WHILE YOU SLEEP"

UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE—NEW STEAMERS

"CITY OF BUFFALO" AND "CITY OF ERIE"

Both together being, without doubt, in all respects the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD - DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Cleveland 8 p.m.	Buffalo 6:30 a.m.
Buffalo 8 p.m.	Cleveland 6:30 a.m.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME
ORCHESTRA ACCOMPANIES EACH STEAMER

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points; at Cleveland for Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest.

Tickets reading over L.S. & M.S. Ry. will be accepted on this Company's Steamers without extra charge.

Special Low Rates Cleveland to Buffalo and Niagara Falls every Saturday Night, also Buffalo to Cleveland.

Ask Ticket Agents for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet.

W. F. HERMAN, G. P. A., Cleveland, Ohio

Want Column ads. pay.

HOLLINGER & HANSEN

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

Picture Framing Skillfully and Promptly Done

Day or Night Calls Promptly Answered

Both Phones 337. 53 East Main Street

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great brain and tonic pill and restorative for men and women, produces strength and vitality, builds up the system and renews the normal vigor, bringing health and happiness. 60 doses in a box. For sale by all druggists, or we will mail it, securely wrapped on receipt of price, $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Dr. Mott's Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio

AFTER USING.

DR. KUTCHIN

EX. U. S. EXAMINING SURGEON,

Late of Chicago, Greatest Living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of all Long-Standing and Difficult Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Blood and Nervous System. Consulting Surgeon at Maplewood Sanitarium.

Will, by special request, meet his many patients in this county every month for the next year, and examine all afflicted free. Ohio office, Columbus, O.

The noted Author and Medical Lecturer, and greatest living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of difficult Chronic Diseases, has consented to visit this County and meet his many patients and friends, and give ALL AFFLICTED an opportunity to consult him **Free of Charge** and secure the latest and best treatment for such diseases as the regular family physician is not prepared to treat.

Dr. Kutchin will revisit this County every month, thus saving his patients the trouble and expense of visiting the city. And he is the only physician in this County who carries his own Diagrams to illustrate and make plain to all afflicted the cause and nature of their diseases. He promptly visits this town every four weeks and will so continue as long as God spares him to the afflicted.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

The Doctor treats **no acute diseases,** but makes a specialty of chronic and long-standing diseases. Cases given up by other doctors and pronounced incurable, he most desires to see. **Dr. Kutchin** has treated over **12,000** cases in Ohio in the last two years, many of which had been given up as **incurable,** some to be Blind, others Deaf, and a Large Number to be Invalids for Life. Now they See and Hear, and many are on the high road to Health.

The Doctor is surrounded with a fine collection of instruments for examining and treating all chronic diseases of the Head, Face, Eye, Ear, Throat, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin, Brain and Nervous System, Cancers, Tumors, Piles, Swellings, Old Sores, Fits, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Sick Headache, Debility, Depression of Spirits, Diseases of Children, Hereditary Diseases, etc., and, in fact, **all long-standing and chronic diseases.** All surgical operations performed.

EXAMINATIONS FREE TO ALL.

Whenever it is known that **Dr. Kutchin** is stopping at a place, **crowds gather to consult him,** and it is not to be wondered at when it is remembered that in diagnosing a disease he never asks a question, but describes the different diseases better than the sick can themselves. It is a **wonderful gift** for anyone to possess, and **Dr. Kutchin's** diagnostic powers have created wonder throughout the country.

He adopted the following plan, which is peculiar to the large hospitals, and is not and never has been the practice of country doctors, viz.: he carefully notes the symptoms of the patient, and ascertains the condition of the internal organs, all of which he carefully records in his register for future reference. In this way he ascertains the true nature of the disease and its cause. When sick people consult him he readily tells them whether he can cure or help them, or whether they are beyond hope.

HIS IMPROVED METHODS OF TREATMENT.

Are mild and pleasant; agree perfectly with the most delicate Lady or Child; do not reduce strength; can be used while at work, and give the greatest possible benefit in the shortest possible time. Patients can consult him or communicate with him as often as they choose, during the whole time required for the cure, without regard to where they may be, and without extra charge, thus rendering the treatment as successful and satisfactory as though they were living next door to each other.

MANHOOD PERFECTLY RESTORED.

Quick, painless and certain cure for Impotency, Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhœa, Losses, Weakness and Nervous Debility, also for Prostatic, Varicocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual excesses in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. **Consultation free and strictly confidential.** Absolute cures guaranteed in cases curable. No risk incurred.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Such as have baffled the skill of other physicians and remedies. **Dr. Kutchin** quickly cures Cancers, Tumors, Fibroid and Polybroid. Growths cured without the use of the knife. No cutting, no pain, no danger.

A LIFE OF EXPERIENCE.

The Doctor has had **a whole life** of study and experience in his profession, and enjoys advantages which fall to the lot of but few. After attending his Full Courses in the Medical Colleges, and **graduating** with the **highest honors,** he was not content to stop there, but has since attended other Colleges, and several times reviewed the whole profession; has also traveled extensively for the purpose of improvement, having visited the best Medical Colleges, Hospitals, Dispensaries, Eye, Ear, Lung and other Medical and Surgical Institutions, traveling thousands of miles, both by land and sea; **expending thousands of dollars;** improving every advantage within his command, and devoting the best years of his life to become thoroughly familiar with his profession in all its branches.

LATEST DISCOVERIES AND IMPROVEMENTS.

Dr. Kutchin has received the most approved instruction in Analytical and Microscopical Examinations of the Blood, Urine, etc., which are now considered indispensible to a correct diagnosis in many diseases. There are many diseases which physicians in common practice do not usually treat, and are, therefore, seldom prepared with necessary and costly outfit to examine correctly, or treat with success; such cases, therefore, would do well to call at once and learn their true condition, and whether the doors of Hope are yet open, or forever closed against them.

FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES.

By reason of **false modesty** the youth of our land are kept in ignorance of the ruinous results which certain solitary indiscreet practices produce. These vices when persisted in eventually undermine the constitution inducing nervous debility and premature decay. **Dr. Kutchin** has for many years enjoyed the distinction of being **the most successful and celebrated specialist** for the treatment and cure of these affections. You may consult him with complete confidence. Of all the maladies that afflict mankind there is probably none about which physicians in general practice know so little.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS.

Many diseases are so deceptive that hundreds of persons have them before they even suspect it. They know they are not well, but are perfectly ignorant of the deadly fangs which are fastening upon them, and must, sooner or later, certainly destroy them, unless rescued by a skilful hand. **Are you afflicted?** Your case may now be perfectly curable, but **Remember,** every moment of neglect brings you nearer its incurable stages, when, perhaps, the most skillful physician can render you no assistance. The present is ours, the future may be **Too Late.**

Epilepsy or Fits scientifically treated and cured by a never-failing method. **Free Examination of the Urine.**—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination. **Persons unskillfully** treated by **ignorant pretenders** who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should call and see the Doctor.

☞ Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C.O.D. to any part of the United States. Correspondence with invalids solicited. All letters with stamps enclosed answered free.

Call and be examined and at least learn the cause of your disease, and if it can be cured. **Tape Worms** removed in from three to five hours without starvation. The remedies for the whole course of treatment are furnished from the Office or at the Institute, all at once or by the month.

CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE TO ALL AT THE

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Thursday, Nov 16 1905

ORRVILLE, NATIONAL HOTEL, TUESDAY, NOV. 21.

Consultation, examination and advice FREE.

Return visits made every twenty-eight days.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS TO DR. B. LESTER KUTCHIN COLUMBUS O.

WARTHORST & CO.

QUARRY,

BRICK - - BRICK.

Massillon, - Ohio

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take **Laxative Bromo Quinine** Tablets. This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Advice For the Fullback

Bucking the Line---Have Eyes Open, Don't Hesitate, Keep on Your Feet, Bend Legs as Line Is Hit---The Center Rush and His Work.

The fullback is especially useful in line bucking when his team has the ball and in bracing the center trio when on the defensive. Often he is the man chosen to do the kicking for the team.

In bucking one of the very important points to be kept in mind is that of keeping the eyes open. A back who closes his eyes as he makes his plunge

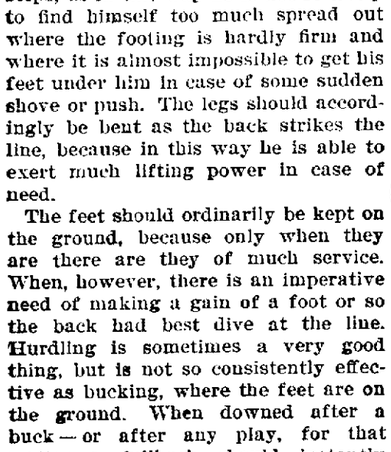
FULLBACK RECEIVING BALL FROM CENTER FOR A KICK.

is likely to fall flat on his face when an opening in the line presents itself suddenly where he had expected to find the passage choked.

A fullback should never allow himself to hesitate or slow up as he strikes the line; he should strike it while at his maximum speed. A back may run high or low, according to circumstances, particularly so long as he keeps his feet—a most valuable quality. It is also wise for the back to take short steps, as in this way he is not so likely to find himself too much spread out where the footing is hardly firm and where it is almost impossible to get his feet under him in case of some sudden shove or push. The legs should accordingly be bent as the back strikes the line, because in this way he is able to exert much lifting power in case of need.

The feet should ordinarily be kept on the ground, because only when they are there are they of much service. When, however, there is an imperative need of making a gain of a foot or so the back had best dive at the line. Hurdling is sometimes a very good thing, but is not so consistently effective as bucking, where the feet are on the ground. When downed after a buck—or after any play, for that matter—a fullback should instantly straighten out so that there are no doubled up joints for succeeding players to fall upon. Where a fullback is attempting to assist a fellow player along he should aim to get him low and boost him along with the shoulders, rarely with the hands.

When in the midst of a line bucking play which has resolved itself into a pushing contest between the two teams, the fullback should seek an



CENTER RUSH IN POSITION TO PASS THE BALL IN A SCRIMMAGE.

outlet at the point of least resistance, usually to be found by feeling his way in different directions.

The center, or center rush, is the anchor of the team. He is invariably the heaviest and possibly the strongest man of the eleven.

The center rush stands guard over both center holes, assisted by the quarterback; the center should stand squarely in front of his man, and the moment the opponent snaps the ball charge him backward, keeping him off at arm's length so as to be able to get into either hole.

LIFE IN THE UNIVERSE.

Countless Worlds In Space May Be Inhabited.

The fact that, so far as we have yet been able to learn, only a very small proportion of the visible worlds scattered through space are fitted to be the abode of life does not preclude the probability that among hundreds of millions of such worlds a vast number are so fitted. Such being the case, all the analogies of nature lead us to believe that, whatever the process which led to life upon this earth, whether a special act of creative power or a gradual course of development, through that same process does life begin in every part of the universe fitted to sustain it. The course of development involves a gradual improvement in living forms, which by irregular steps rise higher and higher in the scale of being. We have every reason to believe that this is the case wherever life exists. It is therefore perfectly reasonable to suppose that beings, not only animated, but endowed with reason, inhabit countless worlds in space. It would, indeed, be very inspiring could we learn by actual observation what forms of society exist throughout space and see the members of such societies enjoying themselves by their warm firesides. But this is, so far as we can now see, entirely beyond the possible reach of our race, so long as it is confined to a single world.—Professor Simon Newcomb in Harper's Magazine.

Day Dreaming.

It is much easier to fancy what we should like to have, what position we should like to fill and how we should act if different circumstances surrounded us than it is to put forth the efforts and self denial necessary to make such attainments. A proportion of life is consumed in this manner. This habit is justly called day dreaming, for as in sleep the brain, deprived of the power of will to direct it, weaves cobwebs that the first breath of consciousness dispels, so in this listless condition the mind, uncontrolled and unguided, brings forth specious fallacies that reason, when fully aroused, will utterly dissipate. These day dreams are sometimes defended on the ground that if useless they are at least harmless; that if they confer no benefit they inflict no injury. This, however, cannot be the case. Nothing occupies so neutral a position. Uselessness is of itself an injury, but besides this habit of idle reverie produces positive evils. Valuable time is wasted, energy is frittered away, the mind is enfeebled, the activities are discouraged, the present active life is rendered tame and insipid.

Jumping.

Jumping to the ground from a height, jumping from the ground over a height and long jumping may be either harmless or highly injurious, according to the way in which one alights. The human brain cannot stand jars. When it receives them it is injured, although the injury may not be felt for years. Headache, giddiness, sleeplessness, neuralgia and a whole host of other departures from health may be set up by jarring the brain. In jumping the great danger is not to the legs. The part chiefly risked is the head. When the feet touch the ground the shock passes up the limbs and spinal column, the parts above serving as buffers and so preventing the parts below being thrown too greatly in the upward direction. But the head has nothing above it; hence the shock may dislocate the neck or fracture the skull. One should always alight on the toes and with the legs slightly bent. This position greatly helps to prevent jarring.

Named For His Satanic Majesty.

The unfortunate disaster by which a life has been lost on the Welsh mountain known as the Devil's Kitchen has drawn attention, says the Dundee Advertiser, to the curious but seemingly universal practice of past times in naming peculiar natural formations after his Satanic majesty. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that hardly a county in the British isles is without some place or thing with the designation Devil, all of which prompts the thought that his Satanic majesty must be a holder of a considerable amount of property on this terrestrial globe. The Devil's Punch Bowl, the Devil's Bellows, the Devil's Beef Tub, the Devil's Frying Pan, the Devil's Lake, the Devil's Dike, the Devil's Caldron, are a few instances which occur at random, scattered about in various parts of the country.

Made Red Hair Fashionable.

The French painter who won attention for his red headed girls cannot be classed among the great masters, but he made red hair fashionable and is said to have been responsible for the peroxide blond. Not until Henner introduced his sweetly brown and red women to the art world did pink and white beauty find it was insipid to be fair. Red heads extinguished the blond cendree, and even the dark haired "washed" their locks until they were of the desired Henner colorings and acquired "tones" that were so warm they improved the dullest skin. Henner's pictures may be said to have apotheosized the much derided "carrot head." He saw red and made it "heavenly brown."

Took Away Her Opportunity.

"What's the matter with your wife?"

"Oh, I've just acknowledged that I made a fool of myself in lending Hammersley $25, and she's mad because there's no chance to go on arguing about it."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Big Difference.

"I hear she is to marry an old fellow with a million dollars."

"Her idea is that she's going to marry a million dollars with an old fellow attached."—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Gap In the Levan Rock.

On the way from Land's End, the extreme western point of England, to the Logan rock, just in from the cliff, after you have passed Tol-Peln and immediately before the road drops to Porthgwarra, there is a little valley, a big grassy nook, with one cottage, a rectory and a church. This is the parish church of St. Levan, a fisherman saint, of whom there are many legends. His path is still seen by the track of greener grass that leads out to the rocks named after him, where he fished the traditional "chack-cheeld' chad. There is his stone, too, in the churchyard, one of those ominous stones which in Cornwall are thought to be the dials of time itself, chroniclers of the hour of the last judgment. The Levan stone is a rock of granite, split in two, with grass and ferns growing in the gap between the two halves. The end of the world will come, says the rhyme, when the gap is wide enough for a pack horse with panniers to pass through. "We do nothing to hasten it," the rector said to me reassuringly.—London Standard.

Land Was Out of Sight.

"Yes," said one of the traveling men who were telling stories in front of the hotel, "I was once out of sight of land on the Atlantic ocean twenty-one days."

"On the Pacific one time I didn't see land for twenty-nine days," said another. A little, baldheaded man tilted his chair against a post and knocked the ashes from his cigar.

"I started across the Kaw river near Lawrence in a skiff once when I was a kid," he said, "and was out of sight of land before I reached the other side."

"Aw, come off!" came from one of the crowd. "The Kaw isn't more than 200 yards wide anywhere along near Lawrence."

"I didn't say it was," said the little man quietly. "The skiff turned over, and I sank twice."—Kansas City Times.

What He Did to "Hamlet."

A group of actors at the Players' club were once engaged in a discussion as to the ability and impartiality of certain professional critics of the drama, when Maurice Barrymore referred to a certain Denver journalist who was widely known for his dramatic criticisms. "Hayward," said Mr. Barrymore, "was certainly one of the ablest of them. He wrote most learnedly, with the keenest analysis of every phase of the actor's art, and, above all, with no little wit. I am just reminded of what was perhaps the briefest dramatic criticism ever penned. It will probably outlive everything else Hayward did. It ran about as follows:

"'George C. Miln, the preacher-actor, played "Hamlet" at the Tabor Grand Opera House last night. He played it till 12 o'clock.'"—Harper's Weekly.

The Hen Bird's Duty.

In his subsection on "modifications" of types of birds and animals Sir John Lubbock tells us of a particular crow in New Zealand where the male and female differ widely as to the structure of their bills. The male bird has a bill, stout and strong, adapted to cutting and digging into a tree, but he is deficient in that horny pointed tongue which would permit him to pierce the grub and draw it out. The hen bird has, however, an elongated and straight bill, "and when the cock has dug down to the burrow the hen inserts her long bill and draws out the grub, which they divide between them, a very pretty illustration of the wife as a helpmate to the husband."

An Old Freedom Notice.

On April 26, 1860, a Maine newspaper contained the following notice: "Freedom Notice.—For a valuable consideration I have this day relinquished to my son, Hiram S. Maxim, his time during his minority. I shall claim none of his earnings or pay debts of his contracting after this date. Isaac Maxim. Witness, D. D. Flynt, Abbot. April 13, 1860." The lad who was given his liberty developed into Sir Hiram Maxim of London, England, the inventor of rapid fire guns and airships.

Slips of Artists.

It is a part of the seeming ill luck belonging to circumstance that an artist may spend time and genius on a piece of work and then fail conspicuously in some detail.

There is a story that one royal academician gave a hand five fingers and a thumb and that another painted a live lobster bright red.

The clever Goodall had been engaged in painting a number of laborers dragging a huge stone across the desert, and a man of science, entering the studio, said to him:

"I say, Goodall, if you want those fellows to pull that stone you must double their number. It would take just twice as many."

But it is not modern painters alone who slip up on points of accuracy. Even Albert Durer, in a scene representing Peter denying Christ, painted one of the Roman soldiers in the act of smoking. Turner put a rainbow beside the sun, and in another picture he got woefully tangled in the ship's rigging.

A Personal Matter.

She—How is it you were not at the Westends' reception? He—I stayed away on account of a personal matter. She—May I ask what it was? He—Will you promise to keep it a secret? She—Yes. He—Well, they failed to send me an invitation.

Power of the Eye.

An eye can threaten like a loaded and leveled gun or can insult like hissing or kicking, or, in its altered mood, by beams of kindness it can make the heart dance with joy.—Emerson's "Conduct of Life."

THE SENSE OF BEAUTY.

Cultivate It by Observing the Sky and the Landscape.

The oldest and readiest means of cultivating the sense of beauty is habitual observation of the heavens, for which the only things needed are the open sight of the sky and the observing eye. The heavens are always declaring "the glory of God." The noblest poetry of all nations celebrates the majesty and splendor of the sky. Psalmist, prophet and artist draw thence their loftiest teachings. Sun, moon and stars, sunset and sunrise, clouds tossed and torn by wind, floating or driving mists and fogs, snow, rain and the clear blue are all phenomena of the sky which will afford endless delights to him who watches them. The dweller on the prairie or the sea has the best chance at the sky, and the dweller in narrow streets, hemmed in by tall buildings, has the worst. This obstruction of the sight of the sky is one of the grave evils which beset a modern urban population. City people run about at the bottom of deep ditches and often can see only a narrow strip of the heavens. Fortunately the loftiest structures reared by men are not so high but that a moderate open area in the midst of a closely built city will give a prospect of large sections of the heavens. This is one of the great things gained for an urban population by accessible open spaces, such as parks, commons, marshes and reaches or ponds of water.

Next to observation of the sky as a means of developing the sense of beauty comes observation of the landscape. —Charles William Eliot in Critic.

A Judge and a Pistol.

A correspondent of Law Notes writes of the administration of justice in a certain insular possession of the United States when the island was under Spanish rule. Judge Z. had had a quarrel with an editor. The judge arranged with a hoodlum to insult the editor in order to provoke him to a breach of peace. A policeman to arrest the editor was a part of the "plant." The plot was carried out, but the editor kept his temper. The officer arrested him, none the less. He was haled before Judge Z., who found there was no case. The judge took from a drawer of his desk a revolver, silver plated and beautifully inlaid with gold and mother of pearl, showed it to the prisoner and informed him that the policeman had delivered the weapon to him as one taken from the person of the defendant and asked him what he had to say to the charge of carrying arms. The editor examined the weapon, put it in his pocket, admitted that he had had it in his possession, produced a permit from the Spanish authorities to carry arms and, with true Castilian politeness, bowed himself out and off with the judge's beautiful pistol.

Gifts at Baptisms.

Gifts to infants at their baptism are of ancient origin. Formerly the sponsors generally offered gilt spoons to the child. These spoons were called apostle spoons because the figures of the twelve apostles were carved at the top of the handles. Rich sponsors gave the complete set of twelve, while for those who were not so opulent four was considered the proper number, and poor sponsors would content themselves with offering one. In the latter case the handle of the spoon generally exhibited the figure of any saint in honor of whom the child received its name. It is an allusion to this custom that when Cranmer professed to be unworthy of being sponsor to the young princess Shakespeare makes the king reply:

Come, come, my lord,
You'd spare your spoons.

The mug or spoon and fork offering of the present day appears as a very debased survival of a really beautiful christening offering.

A Pillar In Venice.

At a corner of St. Mark's church in Venice, the one nearest the ducal palace, there has been standing since the eleventh century a pillar of red porphyry carved with the portraitures of four noble gentlemen of Albania. In fact they were brothers who went to Venice in a ship laden with vast wealth. One couple plotted against the other to secure all the treasure and at a feast each duo of plotters poisoned the other. The signory of Venice seized upon their goods. In commemoration of so unbrotherly a conspiracy and as a warning against avarice the unique and exquisitely carved pillar was erected.

The Sudanese Baby.

A Sudanese baby when dressed up in its best clothes is probably the most uncomfortable infant in the world. The coat or outer garment which fashion dictates should be worn reaches to the very heels. It is of heavy velvet, hanging in many folds. This, in turn, is adorned with countless buttons and bangles of brass, considerably adding to its weight. Its cap, in turn, is of the same material, similarly decorated and doubtless equally uncomfortable.

Hard Woods.

The hardest known wood is cocus wood. It is much used in the manufacture of flutes, clarinets and other instruments. The tone which it produces is rich and powerful. Another very hard wood is that of the desert iron-wood tree. It has a black heart so hard when well seasoned that it will turn the edge of an ax and can scarcely be cut by a well tempered saw.

Cynical, but Probably True.

A cynical philosopher is quoted as saying that the average inhabitant of England—or any other country, for that matter—would feel the loss of his own little finger more acutely than he would the intelligence that the whole of China had been destroyed by some convulsion of nature.

The Father of Odessa.

A French emigre was the father of Odessa in Russia. He was the Duc de Richelieu of the line of the famous cardinal, who left France in the troublous days of the revolution and entered the Russian service. He was the governor of Odessa about a century ago. He found it little better than a fishing village and left it as it was developing into a flourishing seaport. In 1814, when the monarchy was restored, the Duc de Richelieu returned to his native land and became one of Louis XVIII.'s ministers. He died in 1821. In Odessa a statue is erected to his memory.

Ability.

Father—You ought to be ashamed of yourself, Dick. You are now in your twenty-fifth year and you haven't earned a penny yet. At your age I had already married a woman with £10,000.—London World.

Comforting Him.

"And now," whispered the lover as he caught her in his arms, "what shall we do about the rope ladder? We shouldn't leave it hanging there."

"Don't worry about it," replied the eloping damsel. "Papa said he'd pull it up again so I couldn't get back."

Not Reliable.

Daughter Jack promised that if I accepted Him he would mend his ways. Her Mother—Humph! I haven't much faith in this repairing done while you wait.

The cloudier the day, the sunnier should be your smile.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this sixth day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FOR SALE!

Lots on Chester, Edwin and Dwight streets, from $250 to $500.

Lots on George and Johnson streets from $200 to $250.

Four lots off Wachter street $150 to $200.

One lot on Clay alley.

Fifteen lots on South Erie street.

These lots can be sold on small monthly payments.

JAMES R. DUNN,
Over 50 S. Erie St.

Office hours from 7 to 8 a. m. and from 4 to 5:30 p. m.

THOMAS BURD, Agent.

DUFF'S COLLEGE, located at PITTSBURG, PA. Come to this great Financial and Manufacturing center for a BUSINESS EDUCATION; don't go to a small place where STENOGRAPHERS and BOOKKEEPERS are not required. Circulars. Wm. H. Duff, President.

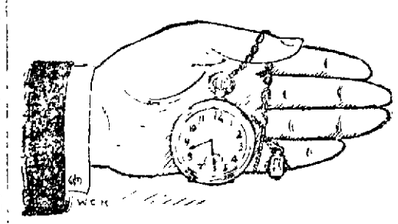
Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney and Bladder Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh, or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling all about Swamp-Root, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Home of Swamp-Root.



The Watch Question.

Whoever is interested in Correct Time is intested in Our Watches.

We have them at all prices, and you know when we sell it the watch will be a good one or we will make it right.

Attractive Cases,
Reliable Works, Lowest Prices.

HAWVER,

Jeweler and Optician, 17 S Erie St.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine
SAFE, ... Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED ... Gold ... Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. ... Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper

TRAVELERS' RECORD.

B. & O. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Effective July 23, 1905.

Read Up — Read Down — CENTRAL TIME. — C. L. & W. DIV. — MAIN LINE — EAST BOUND — WEST BOUND

Read Down										Read Up
† 1	† 11	*9	† 17	* 15	* 41					* 16
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.					A.M.
9 00	11 50		6 00		8 05	Cleveland	L.	466 W 110 Superior St.	A	6 00
9 30			6 30		8 35	Liverpool		Flushing		6 30
9 50			6 50		8 55	Lester				6 50
10 00			7 00		9 05	Medina				7 00
10 30			7 30		9 35	Chippewa Lake				7 30
10 38			7 38		9 43	Seville				7 38
10 55			7 55		10 00	Sterling				7 55
11 05			8 05		10 10	Akron	L.			8 05
11 15			8 15		10 20	Akron	A.			8 15
11 30			8 30		10 35	Warwick				8 30
11 40			8 40		10 45	Canal Fulton				8 40
11 55			8 55		11 00	Massillon				8 55
12 05			9 05		11 10	Canal Dover				9 05
12 15			9 15		11 20	New Philadelphia				9 15
12 25			9 25		11 30	Dennison				9 25
12 40			9 40		11 45	Uhrichsville				9 40
12 55			9 55		12 00	Freeport				9 55
1 05			10 05		12 10	Flushing				10 05
1 15			10 15		12 20	Bridgeport				10 15
1 25			10 25		12 30	Wheeling				10 25
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.					P.M.

Read Down										Read Up
* 10	† 32	MAIN LINE		* 8	MAIN LINE					* 9
6 30p	4 00p	Lorain		10 40a	Chicago					7 00a
6 45p	4 15p	Elyria		10 55a	Chicago Jct					7 15a
7 10p	4 40p	Grafton		11 20a	Sterling					7 40a
7 40p	4 55p	Lester		11 35a	Warwick					7 55a
7 45p	5 00p			11 40a	Akron	L.				8 00a
7 55p				11 50a	Akron	A.				8 10a
8 10p	5 15p			12 05n	Youngstown					8 25a
9 50p	6 55p			1 45p	Pittsburg					10 05a
4 30a	11 40p			8 30p	Washington					4 50p
6 30a	1 30a			6 40p	Baltimore					2 50p
9 15a	4 15a			9 25p	Philadelphia					5 30p
12 30p	7 30a			12 40a	New York					8 55p
* 10	† 32			* 8						* 9

EAST BOUND — WEST BOUND

* Daily. † Except Sunday. ‖ Flag Stop. K Flag Sunday. R Stop Sunday. ‡ Sunday only.

W. R. BURD, Station Agent.

Change in Time of Trains on Pennsylvania Lines

East bound—No. *408, 2:31 a. m.; No. *8, 2:35 a. m., No *24 4:34 a. m.; No. 132, 8:06 a. m.; No 284, 8:30 a. m.; No. *6, 12:57 p. m., No *16, 5:15 p. m.; No. 130, 8:42 p. m.

West bound—No †41, 9:53 a. m.; No. *9, 10:38 a. m.; No. *403, 2:36 p. m.; No. *3, 5:42 p. m.; No *15, 10:05 p. m.; No *405, 12:00 midnight.

* Daily. † Daily, except Sundays. ‡ Sundays only.

For particular information on the subject apply to F. L. McEwen, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Co., Massillon O.

C. A. & C. CLEVELAND, AKRON & CANTON

Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

Southbound	500	502	508	508	514
	p m	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND lv	‡5 30	*8 10	*12 50	*9 00	.....
Hudson.....	6 28	9 00	1 48		*6 36
AKRON ar	6 50	9 25	2 10	10 12	6 52
AKRON lv	6 50	9 25	2 10	10 19	‡6 00
Barberton..	7 06	9 41	2 26	10 27	5 17
ORRVILLE ar	7 40	10 18	3 00	11 00	5 50
ORRVILLE lv	7 40	10 18	3 00	11 00	5 50
Millersburg.....	8 25	11 00	3 45	11 34	6 32
Mt. Vernon.....	9 38	12 12	5 04	12 46	7 46
COLUMBUS ar.	11 00	*1 30	6 30	*1 55	‡9 15
	p m		p m	a m	a m

Northbound.	501	507	509	503	505
	a m	a m	p m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS...lv	‡6 00	*12 40	‡7 00	12 30	‡5 00
Mt. Vernon.....	7 24	2 08	8 28	1 4	6 22
Millersburg.....	8 40	3 20	9 51	2 50	7 37
ORRVILLE ar	9 25	4 05	10 45	3 32	8 17
ORRVILLE lv	9 25	4 15	0 45	3 32	8 25
Barberton.....	9 55	4 48	11 14	4 00	8 56
AKRON ... ar	10 17	5 05	11 32	4 20	9 10
AKRON ... lv	10 17	5 15	11 32	4 28	*8 30
Hudson	10 46	5 50	11 58	5 02	8 43
CLEVELAND ar	11 40	*6 50	‡12 50	‡5 35	.....
	a m		p m	p m	a m

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sunday only.

NOTE—Train leaving Akron 15:00 a. m. is No. 504. Train leaving Akron 8:20 a. m. is No. 511.

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg 11:0 a. m. week days.

For particulars see nearest C. A. & C. ticket agent or communicate with J. B. Medisette, District Passenger Agent, Cleveland.

Wabash System.

Effective Sunday, July 30, trains will depart as follows:

WEST.	EAST.
No. 3..12:30 p. m.	No. 30...6:10 a. m.
No 9..10.02 p. m.	No. 6...2:41 a. m
No. 31...8:55 p. m	No. 2...1:37 p. m.

Excursion to Northern Michigan via W. & L. E. R.R. Wabash Route.

Special Homeseekers excursion to Northern Michigan, Oct. 3, 17, 31; Nov. 7 and 21; Dec. 5, limited for 15 days; also special one-way second class rates to California, west and northwest, now in effect on certain dates. Full information at W. & L. E. ticket office as to rates and through trains, etc.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
37 North Erie Street, • MASSILLON, O.

Weekly Founded in 1863.
Daily Founded in 1887.
Semi-Weekly Founded in 1896.

Long Distance Telephone.
Both Telephones No. 60.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE INDEPENDENT is on sale at the following news stands: Bahney's Book Store, Hankins' News Depot, Hansen's Cigar Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Store, Neininger's Pool Room, and Levi's Candy and Tobacco Stand.

UNION LABEL

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER, 9 1905

E. J. Stewart has been defeated for mayor and The Independent is sorry for it. So are a lot of good Massillon citizens. Mr. Stewart made a clean fight and deserved to win. The splendid vote which he polled in even the close Democratic precints is an evidence of his high standing in the community.

Ohio has gone Democratic after a hard tought fight. This means that Governor Myron T. Herrick has been defeated under the persistent misrepresentation which characterized the Democratic campaign from its opening to its close. Mr. Herrick has made a good governor. He deserved re-election. As for the far reaching probable results of the defeat of the Republican ticket, it is too soon to form a reliable estimate.

Now that the election is over and the state and city saved for some years to come, The Independent returns with avidity and with a flicker of that hope which springs eternal within the human breast, to the burning question of clean streets. With Messrs. Foltz and Shriver reinforced by Mr. Evans in the board of public service there seems no doubt that the ideal conditions which The Independent hopes for will become actualities in the near future.

The splendid vote given our city solicitor-elect, George W. Kratsch, was a well deserved tribute to the sterling worth of a young Republican who has won the place which he occupies in the community by industry, perseverance and the exercise of intelligence and discretion in the transaction of all the business intrusted to his care. The Independent predicts a future for Mr. Kratsch. He took the first step towards fame when he chose a profession for which he was in every way fitted.

The Democratic candidate for mayor and other of the Democratic brethren intimated in a handbill Tuesday that they had fears for the future welfare of the city in case the complexion of the next municipal government should be Republican. The handbill averred that the Democrats who were seeking positions of high trust and public confidence believed in absolute honesty and good government; that if elected they would not use public money for private uses. The Independent hastens to assure these gentlemen that their fears are unnecessary. The Republicans elected yesterday, believe so thoroughly in honesty and good government that their standing in this respect has never been questioned. No one has ever hinted that even the Democratic candidates expected, if elected, to spend public money for private uses, so, of course, such a thought is ridiculous in connection with the Republicans.

In view of the wide interest in municipal ownership the report of the bureau of the census upon central electric light and power stations for the year ending June 30, 1902, is an important document. Up to 1889 only sixty-eight municipal stations had been installed. In that year forty were introduced. By 1902 there were 815. By this year there were in the country 3,620 central electric stations with a cost of $504,740,352. There were 6,996 salaried officers who were paid $5,663,580, and 23,330 wage earners who received $14,983,112. The income was $85,700,605, and the expenses were $68,081,375. Private stations formed the greater part, being 77.5 per cent of the total number. Their income formed 91.9 per cent of gross income, and their expenses 92.3 per cent of the total, while they furnished employment to 89.4 per cent of the wage earners, and paid 90 5 per cent of the total wages in the industry. In construction and equipment the private stations expended $328 per horse power of dynamo capacity, while the municipal stations spent $145 per horsepower. The average income per lamp for arc lights in private stations was $48.88 for private lighting, $83 20 for public lighting. In municipal station private lighting brought $41.46, and public lighting $69.98. In the private stations the incandescent lamp earned $2.40 in private use, and $6.06 in public, while the municipal station incandescent lamp earned $1.92 in private and $5.93 in public service.

LAWRENCE TOWNSHIP.

North Lawrence.

Governor Herrick R, 113; Pattison D, 96

Lieutenant Governor—Harris R, 126; Houck D, 55.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 128; Braucher D, 54

State Senator—Pollock R, 124; Pomerene D, 82.

State Representatives—Hoiles R, 117; Welker R, 116; Bell D, 78; Haubold D, 69.

Probate Judge—Bow R, 126; Reigner D, 56.

Sheriff—Wilson R, 127; Palmer D, 56.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 124; Starkey D, 66.

County Treasurer—Knobloch R, 132; Coy D, 56.

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 130; Bordner D, 61.

Infirmary Director—Smith R, 128; Osborne D, 55.

Coroner—March R., 127; Walker D, 65

Township Trustee—John Hodgson R, 136; Daniel Harmon D, 58.

Township Treasurer—Geo. Felmeth R, 135.

Justice of the Peace—Geo. Hoover R, 135.

Canal Fulton.

PRECINCT A.

Governor—Herrick R, 82; Pattison D, 95.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 99; Braucher D., 69.

State Senator—Pollock R, 65; Pomerene D, 104.

State Representatives—Hoiles R, 88; Welker R., 82; Bell D, 81; Haubold D, 77.

Probate Judge—Bow R, 101. Reigner D, 61.

Sheriff—Wilson R, 100; Palmer D, 61.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 49. Starkey D, 67.

County Treasurer—Knobloch R, 49; Coy D, 68.

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 49; Bordner D, 66.

Infirmary Director—Smith R, 50; Osborne D, 67.

Coroner—March R, 49; Walker D, 67.

PRECINCT B.

Governor—Herrick R, 50; Pattison D, 58.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 60; Braucher D, 39.

State Senator—Pollock R, 47; Pomerene D, 60.

State Representatives—Hoiles R, 59; Welker R, 56; Bell D, 46; Haubold D, 40

Probate Judge—Bow R, 57. Reigner D, 39.

Sheriff—Wilson R, 62; Palmer D, 39.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 58; Starkey D, 41.

County Treasurer—Knobloch R, 61; Coy D, 41.

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 55; Bordner D, 44.

Infirmary Director—Smith R, 57; Osborne D, 40.

Coroner—March R, 57. Walker D, 43.

PRECINCT C.

Governor—Herrick R. 59. Pattison D, 120.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 75; Braucher D, 94.

State Senator—Pollock R, 60. Pomerene D, 113

State Representatives—Hoiles R, 70. Welker R, 73; Bell D, 95; Haubold D, 95.

Probate Judge—Bow R, 78 Reigner D, 93.

Sheriff—Wilson R, 75. Palmer D, 98.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 74; Starkey D, 103

County Treasurer Knobloch R, 78 Coy D, 94

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 72; Bordner D, 101

Infirmary Director—Smith R., 77 Osborne D, 96

Coroner—March R, 73; Walker D, 100.

Millport Precinct.

Governor—Herrick R, 41; Pattison D, 75.

Lieutenant Governor—Harris R, 48; Houck D, 67.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 51; Braucher D, 67.

State Senator—Pollock R, 41; Pomerene D, 76.

State Representatives—Hoiles R, 43. Welker R, 46; Bell D, 75; Haubold D, 69.

Probate Judge—Bow R, 50; Reigner D, 67.

Sheriff—Wilson R, 46; Palmer D, 69.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 49; Starkey D, 67.

County Treasurer—Knobloch R, 49; Coy D, 68.

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 49; Bordner D, 66.

Infirmary Director—Smith R, 50; Osborne D, 67.

Coroner—March R, 49; Walker D, 67.

Township Trustee—O. W. Smith R, 56; D. A. Braucher D, 64.

Justice of the Peace—A. J. Stoner R, 47; J. H. Smith D, 69.

Justus Precinct.

Governor—Herrick R, 51; Pattison D, 50

Lieutenant Governor—Harris R, 54; Houck D, 43.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 56; Braucher D, 41.

State Senator—Pollock R, 53; Pomerene D, 45.

State Representatives—Hoiles R, 56; Welker R, 54; Bell D, 44; Haubold D, 43.

Probate Judge—Bow R, 57; Reigner D, 41.

Sheriff—Wilson R, 56; Palmer D, 39.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 54; Starkey D, 44

County Treasurer—Knobloch R, 56; Coy D, 41.

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 55; Bordner D, 43.

Infirmary Director—Smith R, 57; Osborne D, 42.

Coroner—March R, 56; Walker D, 43.

YOUNGSTOWN HILL.

Herrick Runs About 10 Behind the Ticket.

Newman, Nov. 7.—The following is the result of the election in this precinct today:

Governor—Herrick, R., 47; Pattison, D., 26; Cowen, S., 2.

Lieutenant Governor—Harris R, 56; Houck D, 16.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 55; Braucher D, 16

State Senator—Pollock R, 49; Pomerene D, 23.

State Representatives—Hoiles R, 46; Welker R, 46; Bell D, 28; Haubold D, 16

Probate Judge—Bow R, 56; Reigner D, 16.

Sheriff—Wilson E, 50; Palmer D, 16.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 57; Starkey D, 15.

County Treasurer—Knobloch R, 57; Coy D, 14

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 58; Bordner D, 16.

Infirmary Director—Smith R, 57; Osborne D, 15.

Coroner—March R, 56; Walker D, 16.

BETHLEHEM TOWNSHIP.

Precinct B.

Governor—Herrick, R, 49; Pattison, D, 48.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler, R, 53; Braucher, D, 43.

State Senator—Pollock, R, 49; Pomerene, D, 42.

State Representative—Hoiles, R, 49; Welker, R, 49; Bell, 47; Haubold, D, 47.

Probate Judge—Bow, R, 52; Reigner, D, 44.

Sheriff—Wilson, R, 52; Palmer, D, 44.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer, R, 51; Starkey, D, 45.

County Treasurer—Knobloch, R, 55; Coy, D, 44.

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham, R, 52; Bordner, D, 44.

Infirmary Director—Smith, R, 52; Osborne, D, 44.

Coroner—March, R, 52; Walker, D, 44.

Navarre Village.

Governor—Herrick, R, 118; Pattison, D, 103.

Mayor—Obenour, R, 131, Warwick, D, 146.

Beach City

Governor—Herrick R, 89; Pattison D, 141.

Common Pleas Judge—Ambler R, 134; Braucher D, 81.

State Senator—Pollock R, 96; Pomerene D, 124

Representatives—Hoiles R, 129; Welker R, 118; Bell D, 93; Haubold D, 84.

Probate Judge—Bow R, 136; Reigner D, 78

Sheriff—Wilson R, 134; Palmer D, 84.

County Commissioner—Burnheimer R, 125; Starkey D, 90.

Treasurer—Knobloch R, 130, Coy D, 83.

Prosecuting Attorney—Upham R, 118; Bordner D, 99.

Infirmary Director—Smith R, 132; Osborne D, 85.

Coroner—March R, 126; Walker D, 90

ATTEND THE
Great Sale
OF
WOMEN'S
FASHIONABLE GARMENTS

Our prices are about one-third to one-half less than high price retail stores.

New Coats and New Rain Coats at **$4.75, $6.75, $9.75, $12.50, and $15.00.**

New Black Skirts, Half Price.

$7.50 Black Skirt, $3 75.
$10.00 Black Skirt, $4.75.
$15 00 Black Skirts $7.75
500 Silk Waist, all colors, $2.95.

The Fashion Store

Vote of Massillon and Perry Township.

Massillon and Perry Township.	1st Ward—A	1st Ward—B.	2nd Ward—A.	2nd Ward—B	3rd Ward—A.	3rd Ward—B.	4th Ward—A.	4th Ward—B.	Massillon Pre	Richville Pre.	Genoa Pre.	Totals.	Pluralities.
Governor.													
Myron T. Herrick, R	216	239	186	244	255	144	240	160	157	59	60	1960	394
John M. Pattison, D	150	125	117	214	208	137	259	120	99	77	60	1566	
Isaac Cowen, S	6	3	.....	.....	....	13	.....	2	9	.....	.....	.....	
Aaron S. Watkins, P	5	5	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	4	1	.....	.....	.....	
John E. Steiger, S L	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	
Lieutenant Gov.													
Andrew L Harris, R	217	229	178	251	235	134	236	170	158	62	64	1934	459
Lewis B. Houck, D	136	126	106	184	212	129	255	109	89	75	54	1475	
W. C. Guntrup, S	6	3	....	.....	.....	13	.....	2	9	.....	.....	.....	
Willis E. Foltz, P	3	3	.....	....	.....	.....	....	3	2	.....	.....	.....	
John R. Fraser, S. L	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	....	....	
Com. Pleas Judge.													
Ralph S. Ambler, R	235	232	183	259	233	142	224	185	157	63	69	1982	562
M. J. Braucher, D	127	120	105	168	212	124	257	98	85	74	50	1420	
Jay M. Cogan, P	.....	1	....	.....	.....	.....	.	1	2	.....	.....	.....	
State Senator.													
Robert A. Pollock, R	208	237	186	244	230	140	206	156	155	56	63	1881	303
Atlee Pomerene, D	152	120	107	202	226	132	276	127	97	82	57	1578	
Henry Hull, S	5	2	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	1	9	.....	.....	.....	
Chas. W. Recard, P	....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	
Representatives.													
Frank A. Hoiles, R	167	182	140	208	172	114	268	126	134	57	62	1630	
James A. Welker, R	178	200	163	216	190	132	194	143	141	54	63	1674	
Bernard Bell, D	211	186	167	251	296	162	325	160	130	81	58	2017	
Wm. C Haubold, D	136	126	113	182	223	135	262	109	93	73	57	1509	
J. F Wetter, S	3	3	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	.....	.....	
Harry Lavin, S	.....	3	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	
George F. Chenot, P	6	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Probate Judge.													
Charles C. Bow, R	232	226	185	267	238	138	215	183	161	64	67	1976	573
Jacob H. Reigner, D	121	123	107	165	209	126	253	95	81	72	51	1403	
Jacob Oswalt, P	.....	1	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	
Sheriff.													
R. Frank Wilson, R	230	236	182	258	232	141	233	175	158	65	64	1962	523
Chas. W. Palmer, D	123	132	106	173	219	127	245	102	88	72	54	1439	
Morris Alper, S	7	3	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	8	.....	.....	.....	
David W. Walters, P	5	1	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	
Commissioner.													
J. C. Burnheimer, R	215	231	177	254	229	133	220	171	150	52	59	1891	409
John Starkey, D	132	121	109	173	220	130	252	104	95	85	61	1482	
Albert Ludwig, S	6	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	8	.....	....	.....	
John L. Stoner, P	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	
County Treasurer.													
H. C. Knobloch, R	247	245	190	280	255	153	257	196	165	68	71	2127	824
Josiah L Coy, D	113	111	98	153	198	116	230	84	85	71	46	1303	
Wm. Heimsoath, S	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	
Wm. Ritterspaugh, P	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	
Pros Attorney													
Chas. C Upham, R	227	225	16	257	233	145	215	158	153	62	58	1898	375
A. U. Bordner, D	135	127	107	195	213	126	270	120	95	76	61	1523	
L. B Logan, P	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	
Infirmary Director.													
Isaac H. Smith, R	222	233	178	254	239	142	234	178	157	62	64	1961	34
Emery Osborne, D	129	118	103	172	209	124	244	104	88	74	56	1927	
Coroner.													
Harry A. March, R	211	219	173	240	220	129	210	150	153	64	65	1838	259
R. G. Walker, D	149	132	110	192	229	140	262	130	96	72	53	1579	
Lewis M Pontius, P	....	2	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	
Township Trustee.													
Laban L. Reese, R	214	230	174	265	221	135	209	159	134	59	58	1849	259
John Boerner, D	148	125	115	178	230	135	280	121	117	80	61	1590	
Township Treas													
R.B.Crawford, Jr, R	208	208	166	213	211	128	209	164	13	58	60	1764	63
Daniel Bischoff, D	156	142	131	227	239	144	285	123	110	78	61	1701	
Assessor, Mass. Pre.													
Perry Doll, R	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	168	.....	.....	168	
Assessor, Ric . Pre.													
Eli Snetler, R	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56	.....	.....	
Ed. Stark, D	.....	.....	109	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	83	.....	.....	
Assessor, Genoa Pre													
Philip Krisher, R	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75	75	
Mayor.													
Ed. J Stewart, R	227	276	148	220	230	121	201	188	.....	.....	.....	1541	
Chas. L. Frantz, D	155	170	170	247	244	174	305	100	.....	.....	.....	1563	22
John Evans, S	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	
Pres. of Council.													
C. C. Miller, R	189	196	153	214	222	116	20	145	.....	.....	.....	1440	
Tobias Schott, D	183	159	152	239	240	164	292	143	.....	.....	.....	1582	142
Treasurer.													
Martin Brenner, R	213	222	174	247	237	138	223	175	.....	.....	.....	1629	252
P. P Kirchhofer, D	159	142	132	201	222	141	270	110	.....	.....	.....	1377	
Solicitor.													
Geo. W. Kratsch, R	243	238	191	330	269	166	268	201	.....	.....	.....	1906	786
Geo A. Howells, D	127	123	112	137	195	117	224	85	.....	.....	.....	1120	
Bd. Public Service.													
Henry Shriver, R	219	216	185	262	263	159	303	204	.....	.....	.....	1811	
Jacob W Foltz, R	249	243	188	280	334	154	245	182	.....	.....	.....	1775	
Charles C Evans, R	201	212	192	295	207	147	24.	164	.....	.....	.....	1659	
Harry Markel, D	139	141	109	158	184	121	217	101	.....	.....	.....	1170	
Peter Smith, D	81	104	109	139	185	11	229	53	.....	.....	.....	1015	
Henry B. Sibila, D	143	133	115	160	231	130	221	115	.....	.....	.....	1248	
John T. Jenkins, S	2	4	.....	.....	..	..	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
L. P. Weller, S	3	3	.....	.....	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	
Council-at-Large.													
C V. Howald, R	158	169	145	216	180	125	181	133	.....	.....	.....	1807	
Chas. Brownewell, R	168	182	162	213	201	126	219	151	.....	.....	.....	1422	
George A. List, D	216	178	150	235	277	152	297	135	.....	.....	.....	1630	
Seth Hattery, D	166	160	115	202	238	135	262	133	.....	.....	.....	1411	
Nicholas Weltlich, S	2	3	.....	.....	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Council, 2nd Ward													
Martin B Schultz, R	.....	.....	167	238	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	400	55
Charles Stoner, D	.....	.....	127	218	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	345	
Council, 4th Ward.													
Frank J. Ryder, R	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	228	173	.....	.....	.....	401	35
Philip Krebs D	.....	.. ..	.	.....	.....	..	258	108	.....	.....	.....	366	
Assessor, 1st Ward													
Chas. H Wiseman, R	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Assessor, 2nd Ward													
L. C Spidle, R	.....	.....	147	..	..	..	..	...	.....	.....	.....	147	
William Boing, D	.	.....	143	.	.	.	..	...	.....	.....	.....	143	
Assessor, 3r Ward													
Ed Richards, R	...	..	.	.	60	.	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Phil. Ehret, D	.....	..	..				..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Assessor, 4th Ward.													
Peter Schneider D	..	...	.					1..	.....	..	.....	.....	

THANKSGIVING FARE

Excursions from All Ticket Stations on Pennsylvania Lines

Excursion tickets will be sold at all ticket stations on Pennsylvania Lines November 29th and 30th to any station not more than 50 miles from selling point, good returning until December 4th, for particulars consult ticket agent of Pennsylvania Lines.

Read the want columns daily

C. L. FRANTZ IS ELECTED.

A Republican Board of Public Service is Chosen.

THE COUNCIL IS REPUBLICAN.

Returns from the Last Precinct Were Not Finished Until 9 O'clock Wednesday Morning —Many Close Contests.

Charles L. Frantz, Democrat, was elected mayor of Massillon over Edward J. Stewart by 22 votes, after one of the hardest campaigns ever carried on in the city. The struggle did not end until the polls closed Tuesday evening. The hard work of weeks gave way to anxiety as the night drew on with very meager returns until daylight Wednesday morning. The result of the mayoralty fight, as well as that for some other places on the municipal ticket, was not known until 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, when the returns from precinct B, of the second ward, were announced. Until that time the election of mayor, councilmen-at-large and township treasurer were in doubt. The returns from this precinct gave the victory to Mr. Frantz, Councilmen-at-Large List and Brownewell and R. B. Crawford, jr.

All night friends of the various candidates walked from precinct to precinct to gain some information which might lead to an indication as to how the general result was going. Not until daylight Wednesday morning did these trips bring the desired result. Then gradually the returns from the various precincts told the drift of Tuesday's voting. The result of the election in precinct A, first ward, was not known until 7 o'clock Wednesday morning and when the vote for mayor was announced there this only added to the anxiety of the candidates for that office.

Tobias Schott, Democrat, was elected president of the council over C. C. Miller. George Kratsch, Republican candidate for city solicitor, received the highest vote on either ticket. Henry Shriver and J. W. Foltz were re-elected to the board of public service and C. C. Evans was chosen the third member. All are Republicans.

Charles Brownewell, Republican, and George List, Democrat, were elected councilmen-at-large. Frank J. Ryder, Republican, was elected councilman from the fourth ward and Martin B. Scaultz was re-elected from the second ward. The council is Republican. Martin Brenner, for city treasurer, made an excellent run.

Governor Herrick carried the city by a plurality of 354 votes and the township by 394 votes. H. C. Knobloch, candidate for county treasurer, received the largest plurality in the city and township. Every member of the county Republican ticket received a plurality. Bernard Bell, of Massillon, Democratic candidate for representative, received the largest vote in the city and township.

The landslide in the state came as a surprise to all in the city Tuesday evening, when the first announcements were made. The brief bulletins announcing the large vote for John M. Pattison for governor could hardly be believed by either Republicans or Democrats.

Many of the defeated candidates were upon the streets Wednesday and all took their defeat good naturedly. The closeness of the mayoralty vote was the subject of much comment.

After the city result was known interest centered upon the county ticket, about which only incomplete returns could be obtained during the day.

Go with the Massillon Tigers' special train to Cleveland via Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad, November 15. Only $1.00 for the round trip.

Come Now Own Up

You don't like those gray hairs, do you? And your husband certainly doesn't like them. Then why not try a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor? It restores color to gray hair every time, all the deep, rich color of early life. And it cures dandruff also.

"I certainly believe that Ayer's Hair Vigor is a splendid preparation for the hair and scalp, for I have used it more or less for six years. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a preparation." — MRS. KATE HOYT, Minneapolis, Minn.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

James R. Dunn, of St. Louis, was a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Focke, Tuesday and Wednesday. Mr. Dunn was on his way home from New York and stopped in Massillon to vote. He left Wednesday afternoon.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Kerstetter was held from John & Doll's chapel Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, Ensign Butler, of the Salvation Army, officiating. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

Charles Llewellyn, aged 67 years, of Youngstown, and who impersonated a pension agent and secured considerable money from civil war veterans, was convicted in the United States court at Cleveland. He was then sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

The Youngstown board of education has decided to establish a bank for school children. On Friday of each week they are to give the money to the principals, who are to deposit it on four per cent interest. The fund is an anti-candy, cigarette and chewing gum one.

There was a liberal patronage at the chrysanthemum show given by the Presbyterian Sunday school classes of Mrs. D. T. Frank and A. B. Oberlin in the Bammerlin piano warerooms Tuesday evening. About $40 was realized. This amount will go into the building fund of the new church.

Engineers are at work surveying the territory between Canal Dover and Alliance for the purpose of estimating the cost of building an electric railway between the two towns via Bayard, Magnolia and Bolivar. Promoters of the line claim they will commence work on the construction within six months.

The death of Mrs. Nancy Stoutt accurred at her home in Canal Dover Monday afternoon. Mrs. Stoutt was 95 years of age and was probably the oldest living resident of Tuscarawas county. Her husband, Joseph Stoutt, who has been dead for twenty years, was one time one of the leading business men in the county.

William K. Taylor, aged 66 years, died at his home in Washington, D. C., on Saturday. Mr. Taylor was a member of Company I, One Hundred and Fourth Ohio infantry during the civil war, and for many years had been employed in the pension bureau at Washington. The funeral will be held at Mariboro Wednesday.

Arrangements have been made for the convention of the Ohio Association of Stationary Engineers to be held in the assembly room of the Canton city hall Friday and Saturday, November 17 and 18. Those in charge of the convention have not completed all their arrangements, the programme for the meeting not having been announced as yet.

William H. Reed, 25, chief inspector of the Central Union Telephone Company in Alliance, was killed late Monday afternoon by falling off a telephone pole. Reed was working twenty-two feet from the ground when he slipped and fell and broke his neck. He died at the hospital a half hour later. He leaves a widow and little son.

A daring robbery was committed in Barberton early Monday morning when a burglar entered the home of Mrs. G. Ludwig and went into the room where she and her one-year-old daughter were sleeping. Mrs. Ludwig was awakened by the intruder, but before she could get out of bed he threw a handful of red pepper into her eyes, blinding her and causing terrible pain. The burglar stole eighteen dollars from under her pillow and ransacked the room before escaping.

The Misses Pearl and Florence Cabbut were surprised at their home in East Oak street Tuesday evening. The guests came in masks and after much guessing and merry making they were discovered to be from the sixth grade of the East street school, Edward Bucher, Otto Kaufman, Charles Kemp, Ray Knobe, Frank Oberlin, John Burkhart, Ralph Vogt, Helen Blanchard, Olive Kaufman, Ethel Deweese, Irene Steward, Edna Kaufman, Edna Zimmerman and Grace Snyder. The evening was spent in playing various games.

Miss Catherine Schneider, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schneider, of 76 North Mill street, and Mr. Henry George, of Portsmouth, were married by the Rev. Michael Vollmayer in St. Mary's church at 8:30 Wednesday morning, in the presence of a large congregation. A wedding breakfast and reception followed at the residence of the bride's parents. Miss O'Donnell was the bridesmaid and George Schneider, the bride's brother, best man. The bride was gowned in white and wore a veil and orange blossoms. Mr. and Mrs. George will live in Portsmouth.

SUMMIT DEMOCRATIC.

Akron, Nov. 8.—Chairman Slusser, of the Summit county committee, concedes that Pattison has carried the county by a small plurality. In 1903 Summit county gave Herrick a plurality of 2143

LEAHY-RESS WEDDING.

Bride and Groom Showered With Rice in Main Street.

Miss Florence Leahy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Leahy, and Mr. Harry V. Ress, a partner of the firm of Graze & Ress, were married in St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock Tuesday, the Rev. Father Doherty officiating. Miss Mary Leahy, of Canton, was bridesmaid and Edward Ress, the groom's brother, was best man. The ceremony was witnessed by twenty-five intimate friends. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents in West Main street, which was attended by fifty guests.

The clerks in the store of which Mr. Ress is one of the proprietors, halted the cab containing Mr. and Mrs. Ress as the journey was being made from the church to the Leahy home and showered the bride and groom with rice. Some of the clerks held the horses by the heads and others opened the cab doors and reminded Mr. and Mrs. Ress of the ceremony in a very forceful manner. Mr. and Mrs. Ress will go to housekeeping in a furnished house in Cherry street.

TO MAKE TABLES.

J. F. Arnold and Others Interested in New Company.

The J. F. Arnold Manufacturing Company, of Massillon, was incorporated in Columbus Monday for $25,000. The incorporators are J. F. Arnold, Lorenz Arnold, Peter Vogt, Paul A. Vogt and Elinore Arnold. The new company will occupy a building in Pine street at present for the purpose of manufacturing tables. Mr. Arnold was formerly connected with the Ohio Table Works Company of Massillon.

PRESIDENT SURPRISED.

News of Elections Received at the White House.

Washington, Nov. 8.—(By Associated Press.)—Keen interest in the result of yesterday's elections was manifested today in administration and political circles generally. The President and members of his cabinet were informed of the latest returns from doubtful states and cities. Many messages from private sources, as well as news received by the Press Association, were conveyed promptly to the White House, and a surprise was created by the tremendous revolution of political sentiment in Pennsylvania and Ohio, and by the closeness of the vote for mayor in New York. Returns from other states excited but little interest in the national capital.

CITY REDEEMED.

Victors in Philadelphia Inform the President.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—City Party Chairman Edmonds sent the following telegram to President Roosevelt:

"Philadelphia has risen to its opportunity and stands redeemed. The principle of honesty in government so effectively espoused by you has won an overwhelming triumph. Our majority approximates 75,000."

To Secretary Root the following was telegraphed:

"The masquerade is over. The criminal and corrupt combination has been driven from power by the righteous indignation of a great Republican city. We have only begun. Our thanks to you for your splendid aid."

$700 JOB IN DEMAND.

Twelve Persons Want to be Postmaster at Winfield, W. Va.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Representative James A. Hughes, of West Virginia, was here Tuesday. About a week ago Allen Handley, the postmaster at Winfield, Putnam county, W. Va., died suddenly. The office pays $700 a year. The next morning after Mr. Handley's death when Representative Hughes went to breakfast he found at his plate no less than twelve telegrams from various gentlemen in Winfield, all applying for Handley's place. Mr. Hughes has decided to take no action in filling the vacancy until he has been able to examine the credentials of the applicants. The strongest candidate for the position is probably E. W. Wick, who, in addition to having the indorsement of the county chairman, is recommended by Senator N. B. Scott.

REVOLUTION BREWING.

State Department Fears Uprising in San Domingo.

Washington, Nov. 8.—(By Associated Press.)—A revolutionary movement has developed in San Domingo and an uprising is threatened. Proper steps are being taken by the navy department at the instance of the state department to maintain peace.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

DEATH OF MRS. J. R. WALTER.

She Passed Away at the Family Home Tuesday.

GEN. J. W. REILLY. IS DEAD.

News was Received in the City Tuesday of His Passing Away at His Home in Wellsville—The Death of Mrs. William Kerstetter.

Mrs. Margaret Walter, aged 68 years, wife of J. R. Walter, died at the family home on the West Brookfield road at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday morning, from the results of several strokes of paralysis. The last stroke was sustained one week ago Monday and after that Mrs. Walter did not regain consciousness. She had suffered four strokes previous to that time, three of which were light. During the past week Mrs. Walter failed and no hopes were entertained for her recovery. The deceased is survived by her husband and one son, David W. Walter, both well known residents of this vicinity.

The funeral will be held from the late home, located about one mile west of Massillon, Thursday at 12:30 o'clock and from the Lutheran church in West Brookfield at 1 o'clock. The Rev. A. J. B. Kost will conduct the services. Interment will be made in the West Brookfield cemetery.

GEN. J. W. REILLY.

General J. W. Reilly, who was colonel of the One Hundred and Fourth regiment, O. V. I., during the civil war, died at his home in Wellsville Tuesday morning from the infirmities of old age. The One Hundred and Fourth regiment was organized partly in Massillon and the deceased was well known to many veterans. General Reilly was commander of the Second Brigade, Third division, Twenty-third army corps, during the war. The One Hundred and Fourth regiment was organized in 1862 with two companies sent from Massillon and vicinity. General Reilly was colonel of the regiment when it went into service. The telegram announcing his death did not give any particulars as to the time of the funeral. General Reilly had lived in Wellsville many years.

MRS. MARGARET KERSTETTER.

Mrs. Margaret Kerstetter, wife of William Kerstetter, of Massillon, died at the Massillon state hospital Monday evening, after being in the hospital about two years. The deceased was 61 years old and is survived by her husband and one son, who is now in the West.

MRS. AMANDA M. MYERS.

Mrs. Amanda M. Myers, aged 36 years, died at the Massillon state hospital Monday afternoon. The deceased was admitted from Tuscarawas county two years ago. The body was sent to Newcomerstown Tuesday for interment.

INSPECT YOUR CHIMNEY.

State Fire Marshal Davis Issues Timely Warning.

State Fire Marshal Davis issues the following timely warning:

"Please inspect each flue and heater in your dwelling at once, and have defects remedied before cold weather demands artificial heating.

"In the chimney look for cracks from settling, or openings from disintegration of the mortar or from a soft brick the crumbling of which might permit the escape of sparks. Search stovepipes for misfit or parted joints, open seams and rust holes. A stovepipe should not pass perpendicularly into a chimney, nor be run through an area not open to observation. A double sleeve should surround a pipe which passes through a partition and one passing through a summer kitchen roof is too dangerous even if the wood near it is displaced by zinc.

"A stovepipe hole should not be plugged with paper nor papered over without a metal plug in it. Cracks in stones should be sought and woodwork if within a foot and a half of the stove should be protected by zinc or tin. Carelessness as to flues alone caused 729 fires in Ohio during last year.

"Carelessness, just heedless, reckless, senseless carelessness costs the state about seven million dollars a year. Our [illegible] half of 1905 there were 2,571 fires with a loss of $3 946 90. The loss from adjoining fire, [illegible] being subtracted there remain 2 258 fires chargeable to the carelessness of the occupants of the premises."

BELL ELECTED.

Canton, Nov. 8.—(Special.)—Bernard Bell, of Massillon, is elected representative. Mayor Bell is the only Democrat elected in the county.

MUST GO TO THE PEN.

Mrs. Chadwick's Application for a New Trial Refused.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—(By Associated Press.)—The United States circuit court of appeals, in an opinion read by Judge Lurton, today, refused Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick's application for a new trial. She is now in the Cleveland jail under a sentence of ten years in the penitentiary for violation of the banking laws, in connection with the officers of the Oberlin National bank.

WILL BE OPENED ON SATURDAY.

Museum at the McClymond's Public Library.

THE FORMAL TRANSFER MADE.

A Letter Formally Conveying the Museum to the Library was Read at a Meeting of the Board of Trustees Monday Night—Dr. A. Per Lee Pease the Donor.

At a regular meeting of the board of trustees of the McClymonds public library, held Monday evening, President J. W. McClymonds read a letter from Dr. A. Per Lee Pease, of this city, in which the latter formally transferred to the library his entire archaeological collection, together with many other valuable and interesting objects, gathered in the course of travels in various parts of the world, which the donor has for several weeks past been cataloguing and arranging in the room handsomely fitted up for the purpose on the second floor of the library. The reading of the letter was followed by remarks from members of the board expressing a keen appreciation of the value of the gift, and a committee was appointed to formulate a resolution embodying a formal expression of gratitude and appreciation. It was decided to open the museum to the public on Saturday afternoon and evening.

The archaeological collection numbers about two thousand specimens and has been visited by most of the collectors of the United States and several curators of state museums. The nucleus of the collection was owned by the late Judge Anson Pease, of Massillon, the father of Dr. Pease. Its geographical derivation is wide, containing specimens from most of the states of the Union, and of the foreign specimens there is a complete line from the drift in the river valleys of France to those of the Nile valley near Luxor. The Swiss lake dwellings are well represented with several fine stone implements with hafts and handles of stag horn.

To this collection Dr. Pease has added in his gift to the library articles gathered in his many visits abroad, during his trip to Abyssinia with the United States commission, and his recent trip around the world. Within the next few weeks a complete catalogue of the collection will be published and copies will be obtainable at the library.

"Want" column ads pay Try it.

NEARBY TOWNS.

ELTON.

Elton, Nov. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Boughman, of Canal Fulton, were guests of relatives here Saturday, returning home Sunday.

The Rev. M. A. Boughman and son visited at the home of Curtis Farrell, near West Lebanon, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Smith, of Magnolia, called on friends in this community Saturday and Sunday.

E. D. Boughman is day engineer at the No. 3 mine.

Curtis McFarren, of Mt. Eaton, was in our midst Monday.

George Krichbaum is helping G. C. McFarren to put away his corn crop.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, Nov. 8.—Miss Isabel Loew, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Loew, celebrated her tenth birthday anniversary at the home of her parents on Tuesday. The guests numbered twenty-five. They were Florence Leighley, Nettie Schernitz, Helen Dages, Ethel Airhart, Francis Tabellion, Anna Wagner, Virgie Heinbuch, Mabel Rand, Ruth Whitman, Stella Ridenbach, Mary McCarty, Hattie Crooks, Helen Resh, Ethel Reider, Agnes Lintner, Mary Butz, Mary Leighley, Ruth Roderick, Mildred Warwick, Bessie Whisler, Pearl McFarland, Eleanor Keller, Gladys Wanamaker, Gladys Dunlap, Helen Goshorn, of Canton. Miss Stella Sarr, of Canton, sent a letter of regret. Ice cream, cake, bon bons and other dainties were served.

NEWMAN.

Newman, Nov. 9.—Coroner Harry A. March, of Canton, passed through our village Sunday en route to Canal Fulton.

Thomas J. Morgan and J. D. Evans made a business trip to Canton last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Roderick and Master Mordecai, of Massillon, spent Sunday with Newman friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Edwards, jr., of East Greenville, were recent visitors at the home of William Aston.

The Misses May Bowman and Jennie Kitt, of Massillon, were the guests of Mrs. A. L. Williams at the Findley home from Friday evening until Saturday evening.

The home of Mrs. Sadie E. Masters looks beautiful in its new coat of paint.

Richard Davis is building an addition to his home. Contractor Bowers, of East Greenville, is doing the work.

The board of education of Lawrence township met in regular session at Canal Fulton Monday evening, paid all the bills, transacted routine business and adjourned to meet on the first Tuesday evening in February, 1906.

Mrs. Barbara Dehoff and daughter Eva visited the former's brother, John Linn, near Canal Fulton, part of this week.

The Rev. Dr. Allen, of the First Baptist church at Canton, conducted communion services in our local church last Sunday afternoon.

The election in this precinct was a quiet affair, and more than a third of the voters failed to come to the polls to cast their ballots. As it is, Governor Herrick carried the precinct by twenty-one, although he was scratched by twelve Republicans. The township ticket elected was as follows: Trustee: The latest returns indicate the eletcion of Harmon, Democrat, over John Hodgson, Republican, by ten votes. Treasurer, George Fellmoth, Republican, no opposition. Justice of the peace, George A. Hoover, Republican, no opposition. L. H. Dehoff, Republican, was elected assessor for this precinct without opposition. For supervisor, William S. Myers and Fred W. Geis received twenty-two votes each. Mr. Geis and his son were two of the many Republicans who did not vote. We congratulate Mayor Lerch, of Canal Fulton, on his re-election after a hard fought battle.

URBAN HILL.

Urban Hill, Nov. 9.—A Christian Endeavor rally will be held at the chapel Friday evening, November 10. The county officials expect to be there and everybody is invited to attend.

The Gleaners' band gave an entertainment at the church on Sunday evening. A very interesting programme was rendered and everyone present seemed greatly pleased.

August Herbst, of Navarre, visited his brother, Fred Herbst, and family, on Saturday and Sunday.

B. F. Garman is visiting his parents at this place.

Mrs. Charles Herbst and Miss Ossie Herbst made a trip to Doylestown on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Farmer spent Saturday and Sunday at Alliance.

Miss Ada Buttermore was elected delegate to the Y. P. S. C. U. convention at Justus.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, Nov. 9.—William Molson, of Pleasant City, spent a few days with his parents at this place this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stuhldreher, of Massillon, visited the former's parents, Sunday, at Pleasant View farm.

William Preece, guard at the Mansfield reformatory, came home to cast his ballot and visit his family.

Mrs. Anna B. Stuhldreher and daughter, Miss Blanche M. Stuhldreher, were guests Thursday of relatives and friends in Canton.

A masquerade ball has been announced for Leonard's hall on the evening of November 11. A costume contest for prizes will be a feature of the dance.

M'CLELLAN'S PLURALITY.

Unofficial Returns Give Him 3,485 Over Hearst.

New York, Nov. 8.—(By Associated Press.)—The city of New York complete, but unofficial, gives McClellan 3,485 plurality over Hearst.

The Only Survivor

of the Hayes Arctic Expedition, Mr. S. J. McCormick, now U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor, Bliss Station, Idaho, says: "For years I have suffered from severe pains in the hip joint and back bone, depriving me of all power. The cause was Stone in the Bladder and Gravel in the Kidneys. After using Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., I was completely cured."

We Are Showing

THE FINEST CHINA

We have Ever Carried.

Call and see. Our Prices Low

Rider & Snyder,

DRUGGISTS, 12 E. Main St.

How About These Dress Goods Offers?

They're very special underprice offerings, of course, but they are also good examples of the general money saving character of our entire Dress Goods stock

Whatever you have in mind concerning Dress Goods tell us about it. We have the goods at the right prices, and can help you out.

Now About the Special Sale Lots.

You'll find them prominently displayed along the east aisle, plainly price marked with large cards.

Fleeced Back Waistings One table of Fleeced back Waistings in new designs—light and dark coloring, 33 in. wide, worth 15c, closing at **10c**

One Table at 39c yd. Values up to 75c made up of Dress Goods and Waistings. All Wool Albatross, mixed materials and crepe weaves in black **39c**

One Table at 59c yd. Big job purchase of new 54 inch wide cloths, Nub Cheviots in black and colors, Checked Panamas, etc., values up to $1 00 at **59c**

One Lot at 98c yd. Fine all wool Dress Goods—odds and ends and full pieces of values up to $1 50 yd, Mixed Kerseys, Fancy Novelties, Camels Hair, Cravenettes **98c**

THE BEE HIVE

Always a Reliable Trading Place for You.
Bee Hive Building, 9-11-13 West Main St.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DEATH LURKED UNDER WHEELS

Fatal Accident to William Dommer Saturday.

AMPUTATION OF RIGHT LEG.

The Boy Tried to Board a Moving W. & L. E. Freight Train—Accident was Witnessed by Other Boys—Lived but a Few Hours.

Death lurked under the wheels of the moving freight train on the Wheeling & Lake Erie which William Dommer, the 7-year-old son of Gottleib Dommer, of Weber street, attempted to jump upon Saturday afternoon. As was stated in Saturday's Independent, the accident occurred west of the city about one mile and the lad's right leg was horribly angled, so badly that the member was amputated above the knee at Mt. Airy hopsital. The lad did not regain consciousness after the anaesthetic had been administered and he died at 3:30 o'clock.

The Dommer boy was one of several playing along the tracks when a westbound freight train pulled from the terminal yards, bound for Toledo. The train was a long one and was being helped over the Dalton grade by a pusher. The boy attempted to jump upon a step of one of the rear cars in the train and fell to the ground, the right leg extending over the rail. Several cars and the wheels of the helper engine passed over the member. The lad was seen lying beside the track by the engine crew of the pusher and they brought the boy to the station, from which place he was taken immediately to Mt. Airy.

Several physicians were called and a consultation showed that there was nothing to do to save the boy's life except amputate the injured member. This was done. The loss of blood had been great before physicans could stop its flow. The boy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gottleib Dommer, were called to Mt. Airy as soon as possible and remained until after the son's death. Two brothers and an infant sister survive. Mr. Dommer is a motorman on the city lines.

The funeral was held at 1 o'clock from the family home and at 2 o'clock from St. Paul's church Monday afternoon, the Rev. L. H. Burry officiating. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

HAND BADLY INJURED.

Philip Bender was Hurt in the Paper Mill Saturday.

Philip Bender, living on the Hunt road, had his left hand caught in machinery at the paper mill Saturday afternoon while at work and will not be able to resume his position for several weeks. The hand was badly torn although but few bones were broken. He was able to be on the streets Monday.

Eastern Ohio Patents.

H. E. Dunlap, patent attorney, of Wheeling, W. Va., reports the following patents issued to eastern Ohio citizens: Isaac Stripe, Aultman, shipping crate; John Stegner, Lewisville, casing spear; Edwin F. Seider, Upper Sandusky, railway track; F. R. Revare, Portsmouth, stitch and welt rubbing machine; William H. Mullins and W. C. Hare, sash lock and metallic window sash; William Marshall, Coshocton, lawn mower; Frank Lowry, Steubenville, assignor to Ohio Grease Lubricant Company, Toledo, grease lubricator; John Lindstrom, Conneaut, clam shell bucket; James Hineman, Irondale, trenching bit; Charles F. Held, Sandusky, discharging device for crayon molding machines; Frederick Heckler, Fremont, compressed air whistle; Harry K. Flowers, Beverly, eaves trough supporting bracket; Thomas H. Cope, Elyria, cultivator, and James M. Carpenter, Millersburg, vehicle wheel.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, Nov. 6 1905

LADIES.

Erdmyer, Miss Mary — Hess, Ida
Kellinger, Alice — Mullins, Mrs. Ruth
Yahouse, Miss Flo
Thomas, Miss C. Helene

MEN

Brown, James E. — Carr, John
Davis, Thomas — Green, Howard
Grosler, L. J. — Hisey, W.
Holley, Price — Nolton, Frank
Shanklin, Martin — Smith, George

FOREIGN

Dames, M. Mario

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

SUICIDED IN JAIL.

Cleveland, Nov. 6.—(By Associated Press.)—Albert H. Darwin, in jail on a charge of murdering Mrs. Annie Gray, of Joliet, Ill., committed suicide today by hanging.

THE MALE BASS.

How He Looks After the Eggs and the Little Fry.

"The female fish has no maternal instincts whatever," said the superintendent of the state fish hatcheries. "In fact, the fish is the most unhuman creature in existence—that is, of the animals which have any degree of intelligence at all.

"Perhaps it is well that it is so, for if the parent fish took care of their young as other creatures do the waters of the earth would be filled with them in a very short time. Under natural conditions not one egg in a million ever becomes a fish a year old. As an example, I have seen female brook trout go up into the spawning places and spawn their eggs and then turn around and deliberately eat them.

"For the past few years I have been much interested in experimenting with bass and studying their ways. Here the male parent has some maternal instincts apparently. He builds the 'nest' for the female, some little pocket with a gravel bottom protected from the strong current, but with plenty of fresh water, and then hugs or pushes the female into it. The eggs are spawned by the female, who swims away and leaves them to their fate. The male fertilizes the eggs and then for a few days watches over them, 'fanning' them occasionally to insure a circulation of fresh water and keeping off other fish who would devour the eggs. The male fish have been known to follow the little fry for several days, protecting them until they were able to care for themselves.

"I have seen a school of, say, 1,500 bass fry devoured in five minutes by a few sun bass or perch minnows. Under the case of the fish hatcheries from 70 to 95 per cent of the eggs become fish fry. How many of the fry live to be a year old or so after they are planted in the streams it is very hard to determine. It depends so greatly upon conditions that no reliable estimates can be made."—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

THE CORK TREE.

Growth, Stripping and Preparation of Its Bark.

The methods in vogue in barking and harvesting the cork in Spain and Portugal are pretty much the same. The barking operation is affected when the tree has acquired sufficient strength to withstand the rough handling it receives during this operation, which takes place when it has attained the fifteenth year of its growth. After the first stripping the tree is left in this juvenescent state to regenerate, subsequent strippings being effected at intervals of not less than three years, and under this process the tree will continue to thrive and bear for upward of 150 years. If the bark is not removed artificially, it will on maturity split and dismantle itself. This is caused by the fresh growth of bark forming underneath.

The cork of the first barking is termed corcho bornio—bornizo, or virgin cork. The cork of the second stripping is called pelas, or secondary cork. The work of removing the bark from the tree is performed in summer by men, who are paid at the rate of 2s. 6d. a day. The instruments used for the work are an ax, a lever and a handsaw for the cutting of transversal incisions. The first process through which the bark passes after stripping is that of boiling. This is sometimes done in the woods, but more frequently in the cork factory, in large, specially constructed caldrons, in which the bark is left to boil for upward of an hour. This seething process increases the thickness and elasticity of the cork and at the same time the tannin and other feculent substances generally existing in the bark are desiccated.—London Queen.

The Yak.

Yaks, which are the beasts of burden in Tibet, are very sure footed, and a good one will carry a load of over 200 pounds safely along the steepest hillside. They can exist on the scantiest grass, but grain food suits them for a few days only. Eight miles a day is good average work. A recent traveler tried leather boots for his yaks without success. Tame yaks are white, black, gray and brown and all intermediate graduations of these colors. The wild yak is invariably black, and in early spring his winter coat almost sweeps the ground. At such seasons wild and tame are almost indistinguishable, and a story is told of a big game hunter in Tibet who shot his own baggage animals by mistake.

Seasickness.

A French naval surgeon, Dr. Legrand, says that of all the means of relieving seasickness only one is really effective. "It is to maintain the abdomen absolutely rigid from the moment of setting foot on the vessel. To do this a belt of ordinary tightness is insufficient. The abdomen must be bandaged with a layer of wadding and wide bands of flannel—in a word, absolute compression must be attained, care being taken to do the bandaging from below upward toward the chest." Dr. Legrand adds, "The important thing is not to be afraid to make the bands too tight; otherwise the complete suppression of the symptoms cannot be obtained."

Immortality.

Humanity and immortality consist neither in reason nor in love; not in the body nor in the animation of the heart of it nor in the thoughts and stirrings of the brain of it, but in the dedication of them all to him who will raise them up at the last day.—John Ruskin.

How He Came by Them.

She—Have you never tried to make friends? He—Oh, yes. That is the reason I have so many enemies.—Smart Set.

AN ANCIENT CUSTOM.

Wassailing of Apple Trees Still Observed In Parts of England.

What is the wassailing of apple trees?

This is an old custom, fast dying out, but still observed in parts of Somerset and Devon. At Wooton-Basset, near Minehead, the ceremony takes place on old Twelfth eve. All assemble at the farmhouse, and, after a hearty meal, form a procession to the nearest orchard, the master in front with a light, and men with old guns, blunderbusses and anything that makes a noise, in the rear. Plenty of cider is taken and some pieces of toast.

When the orchard is reached a ring is formed, and the master, in the center, seizes a branch and sings a verse beginning, "Oh, apple tree, I wassail thee, in hopes that thou wilt blow." Then all shout in chorus:

Hatfuls, capfuls, three bushel bagfuls,
Barn oorfuls, tullet holefuls,
And a little heap under the stairs.

Then follow 'cheers, drinking of healths, shouts of "Now, Tom Pod, we wassail thee!" and the placing of the pieces of toast, soaked in cider, among the branches for the robins.—London Answers.

Horace Greeley and an Autograph.

In his "Recollections of a Busy Life" Horace Greeley tells the story of how he once dealt very effectively with a persistent autograph hunter. A gushing youth wrote to Greeley as follows:

Dear Sir—Among your literary treasures you have doubtless preserved several autographs of our country's late lamented poet, Edgar Allan Poe. If so, and you can spare one, please inclose it to me and receive the thanks of yours truly, ——.

To which Greeley replied:

Dear Sir—Among my literary treasures there happens to be just one autograph of our country's late lamented poet, Edgar Allan Poe. It is a note of hand for $50, with my indorsement across the back. It cost me exactly $50.75, including protest, and you may have it for half that amount. Yours respectfully,

HORACE GREELEY.

The autograph was found among Greeley's possessions after his death.

Recalling a Mailed Letter.

After a letter is addressed and stamped and put into the mail box has the postmaster any right to give it back to the sender if sender wishes to recall it?

It is not only the right, but the duty, of the postmaster to give back a letter already mailed which the sender wishes to recall. He is even authorized in certain cases to stop the delivery of a letter which has already started for its destination by a telegram to the postmaster at that place. But he must be very certain that the person who wishes to recall a letter in either case is the one who wrote it, and the latter must bear any expense that arises from telegraphing, etc.—St. Louis Republic.

Laws Against Elaborate Meals.

An edict of Charles IX. of France dated 1563 made it a civil offense to offer any guest more than three courses at one meal. If a fourth appeared the provider of the feast was liable to a fine of 200 francs, while the guests who partook of it could be called upon to pay the authorities 40 francs each. The unlucky purveyor was struck at still more severely, for if he took an order for a four course dinner he became amenable by law to fifteen days' imprisonment upon bread and water. If after this severe discipline upon two occasions he offended again he might be whipped and driven from the kingdom as a danger to the state.

How Swallows Build Nests.

Swallows and house martins build by sticking together pellets of prepared road mud. Most of the material is obtained from the drying puddles on the high roads. If not mixed with anything else the tendency of these pellets would be to crumble when dry. But the swallow tribe is supplied with a mucous secretion which enables it to gum the particles together. The swallows' nests, from which the Chinese birds' nest soup is made, are constructed of this mucous matter only. An Indian swallow, which builds little boat shaped nests against the trunks of lofty trees, practically makes them of dried saliva.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Worse Than a Battle.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker of the City temple, London, once had a collection made, to the announcement of which he added with deep pathos, "Widows and orphans will not be expected to contribute." A few Sundays later there was another collection for the same object. "This time," said the preacher, "nobody will be exempt, for no battle ever made so many widows and orphans as the announcement made on the previous Sunday."

The Saucy Wren.

The mother wren, with her saucy tail tilted at a saucy angle, loved to come around the lattices and porches of the house to make her home.

A gray haired gentleman sitting quietly reading on his front porch one morning watched her with a mixture of amusement and affection till she flitted out of view.

Presently he felt the flutter of wings around his head, and then a pair of small feet rested there. It was the wren.

A most vigorous pulling and tugging at his hair betrayed the purpose of the enterprising little bird. When she had secured what she could carry of the soft white hair she flew away.—Pearson's.

Self Improvement.

Every real and searching effort at self improvement is of itself a lesson of profound humility, for we cannot move a step without learning and feeling the waywardness, the weakness, vacillation of our movements or without desiring to be set upon the rock that is higher than ourselves.—Gladden.

New York apple men will get about $2 per barrel for their fruit on the trees this year. Last year they were glad to get 60 cents, and much fruit was not picked at all.

Missouri is coming to the front among all the states as the producer of more frogs' legs than any other. It is the first time the croakers of that state have ever had a marketable value.

There was probably never a better matured crop of corn raised all through the corn belt than this year. The crop ripened naturally, exempt from droughts and frosts, and its feeding value will be of the highest order.

Duluth is becoming a most wonderful wheat market and shipping point. The city now has an elevator capacity of 34,000,000 bushels, and 10,000 men are employed to care for the grain which seeks the water route to the east at that place.

The corn crop has so well matured this year without being touched by frost that there should be no trouble at all in securing almost perfect seed. It is not unlikely, however, that being so good more men than usual will depend upon the crib for their seed corn, than which no plan is more risky.

It pays in two ways to kill off the rabbits during the winter and feed them to the hens, for it will save the fruit trees and bring high priced eggs. In an economic way rabbits are a pest to the farmer and fruit grower, and eternal war should be waged on them. Right here is where the folly of shooting all the hawks and owls comes in.

The south is rounding up about 11,000,000 bales of cotton, worth about 11 cents a pound, a happy condition which is in a way equaled by Iowa with 340,000,000 bushels of corn, worth 40 cents a bushel. The south was never so prosperous as today, for northern men and northern money are busy developing its splendid natural resources.

We come across many men who year after year very successfully keep their seed corn through the winter well buried in a bin of dry oats. This method certainly has something to recommend it. It preserves the corn perfectly from the attacks of mice and rats, and should there be a little moisture left in the cobs of the corn when placed in the oats they will draw it all out.

A progressive agriculture is well symbolized by a clean barnyard, a big red clover field and a clean cornfield, with the adjoining highway kept free from weeds. Where this combination exists there is usually a balance to the credit of the owner in the town bank, a lot of good agricultural literature in his home, paint on his house and barn, a piano in his parlor and a good driving team and carriage in his barn.

A very great benefit would be conferred upon all our girls could they be well instructed in the art of preparing and cooking the cheaper cuts of meats, which are equally nutritious and palatable when well cooked and served as the high priced cuts. Too many women can only boil a chicken or fry a sirloin or porterhouse steak, when for the money these will cost twice the amount of good meat can be obtained if the cook only knows how to prepare it. Every girl should be taught the possibilities connected with a fore quarter of beef.

Some men never seem to consider the benefit which would accrue to them by taking the profits of the farm and investing them in the old farm in the shape of needed improvements, better stock and a better home in which to live, but instead take every dollar and put it out at a low rate of interest or, worse yet, invest it in some wildcat land, oil or gold mining scheme, where it becomes a permanent investment in every sense of the word. There is no end of farms which could use the profits for years in the manner indicated and return the owner a higher rate of interest on his money than he could anywhere else obtain.

We are afraid that there is trouble in store for a lot of people who have during the past three years bought and settled on lands in western Nebraska, Kansas and the Dakotas. For three years past a rainfall which has been far in excess of normal for all the territory east of the one hundredth degree of west longitude has lapped over on to the territory referred to and resulted in a fine growth of all the grasses and the production of very satisfactory crops where the land was under cultivation. This happy condition of things is not normal for that country, and when drier seasons come, as they are sure to, the old story of starvation and abandonment will be again repeated. **Unscrupulous land agents have made the most of the favorable conditions of the past three years, and there is sure to be trouble and loss.**

In New Jersey near the coast it is a common thing for the corn grower to plant a fish in each hill at the time he plants the corn. This may account for the presence of so many suckers in the field when husking time comes.

We saw a cornfield in northern Illinois recently in which were feeding a large flock of sheep. The corn was a good crop and stood up well, and it looked to us as though the sheep could not be in any place where they could do more good.

There are some varieties of apples which are rated as of poor quality just because people persist in using them out of season. The Ben Davis and the northwestern Greening are neither of them fit for use until early spring and are little better than green pumpkin when used in the fall.

If new currant bushes are wanted next spring now is the time to get the cuttings, which should be of this season's growth, and stick them in a box of moist sand down in the cellar. When spring comes they will be found well calloused and rooted and in just the right shape to set out in the garden.

Little and often should be the rule in the application of oil to machinery and fertilizer to the soil. We have sometimes noted that where twenty-five or thirty loads of manure were spread on an acre of land no better results were obtained than where one-third as much was applied with a manure spreader.

We have two or three inquiries about mushrooms, their culture and where the spawn may be procured. The agricultural department has issued a very excellent bulletin on mushroom culture which may be obtained by writing to the department. The spawn can be procured of almost any up to date seed store.

The men who are making the most money in feeding beef animals are those who know how to take well bred calves and so feed them that at one year old they will sell for $50 or more as baby beef. This type of beef is in much favor and brings the top of the market, and then the gain in flesh made by the young animal is always more cheaply secured than on the matured one.

The magnificent apples—Grimes Golden, Jonathan and Bellflowers—of Colorado and Utah are finding their way to market in large quantities this fall. The bushel box is the package used for them, and for the average family this is a vast improvement over the old barrel. These apples are selling in the central western markets at $2.25 per box, but they are each and all choice selected fruit.

An alfalfa pasture is probably the most sensible and cheapest preventive of hog cholera yet discovered, for it furnishes the pigs just what they need to balance up their rations all through the season. There is nothing better worth while trying than to see if it is not possible to secure a small field of alfalfa on every farm where the raising of hogs is made a business. The importance of this is fast being realized by the farmers of Indiana and Ohio, and when a proper soil is selected and the crop put in as it should be a large measure of success is being met with.

There is always an end to wheat farming. Most new countries take it up for the reason that it is a quick cash crop and easily raised, but they all have to give it up sooner or later. Constant cropping with wheat in a few years removes those elements in the soil which make a good crop possible. The vast wheat growing area of California is now about at the end of its rope. The annual yield has been growing less and less, with a constantly depreciating quality of the wheat raised, until now the millers there are obliged to ship in wheat from Kansas to mix with their own in order to make a merchantable flour.

Crop rotation is a fundamental agricultural necessity. Some men do not seem to understand this fact. It is not at all an uncommon thing to come across men who will actually brag that they have raised certain crops on the same field for ten, fifteen or twenty years, just as though it was something worth bragging about. It is a good rule to follow on all soils and on all farms of putting the land into a different crop each year. The same rule should be observed in the garden, and the different vegetables grown should have new locations each year. There are certain mysterious processes going on in the soil all the time in connection with the manufacture and liberation of plant food which imperatively demand this rotation of crops.

The farmer is not always the victim of the corporations, for he sometimes gets even with them in good shape. We lately came across two cases which proved that the granger knew how to hold his own with the railroads. One was a case where there was a deep cut on a man's farm, and the ordinary snow fence placed on the line of the right of way was insufficient to prevent the cut from filling up with the snow in winter. For the privilege of erecting another fence temporarily out in the field some distance from the other fence the farmer held the road up for an annual pass for himself. The other was where a planted grove of forest trees adjoined the track, the farmer offering to insure the company against loss or damage by fire started by the locomotives in consideration of a like free transportation, which the road was glad to give. **There is no trouble about the farmer being able to hold his own if he has half a chance.**

FALL FOLIAGE.

Some people have an idea that it is the frost which gives the brilliant coloring to the leaves in the fall of the year. This is a mistake. The color comes as a part of the natural process of ripening of the foliage just as it comes to the ripening fruits. When an early frost comes it hinders rather than promotes the coloring process. While in a way there seem to be some general rules governing the tinting of the foliage, they are still rules which are constantly violated. It may be said that the foliage of certain trees never takes on any bright color—for instance, the bur oak, which merges from the glossy green into a russet brown almost without variation, while the leaves of the jack oak and the red oak will not infrequently give a splendid display of red, maroon and red brown tints. Some hard maples, either because of a family trait or because of some special location, will run wholly to red, while other maples near by will assume entirely a yellow tint. The elms never show any red, but are always yellow. The black cherry will quite often show up both reds and yellows, while the Virginia creeper will give a vivid contrast in red with its neighbor, the partridge berry, in yellow. The sumac and poison ivy do much fall painting, furnishing some of the finest specimens of color to be found, while the yellow of the larch or tamarack, when blended with the dark green of the white pines, quite often gives a very pretty effect. Perhaps the most striking of all this autumnal decoration may be found in some hard maple left in a timber pasture where, exposed to the full rays of the sun, it slowly passes from a deep green to a gorgeous mass of scarlet, a pillar of fire on the rural landscape. In a more modest way a Virginia creeper will sometimes enlace some dead tree, and dying red will give an art picture that one will not soon forget. One is to be pitied who cannot sense all the glory and beauty the October days bring with them.

GOOD ROADS.

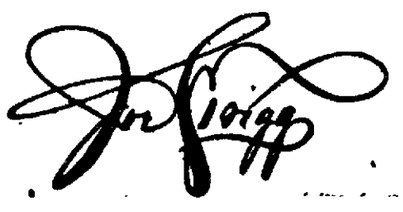
In a certain western community where the land lies very level, where the soil is a rich gumbo and the highways of the community as bad as roads could possibly be, the people were induced to apply the new method of dragging the roads after every rain. Forty miles of highway were so treated the past summer, with the surprising result that bad roads have been converted into good roads as smooth and hard as an asphalt highway, roads nice enough so that an automobile could safely make any speed of which it was capable, roads so well crowned and smoothed that no rain affects them more than to make the surface a little slippery; no chance for a mudhole to form, no chance for the water to stay on them, and all this good work done at an expense under $3 per mile for the season. Wherever there are bad earth roads, especially in all clay and gumbo sections, this method will certainly revolutionize the condition of the highways. In the community referred to the people are all waked up over the result of their experiment, and it will not be long until all the highways of the county will be placed under this sort of treatment.

FARMING METHODS.

Whenever a man can make a living easily from the land he is very apt to do it in a slovenly and careless manner. The best types of agriculture which we have are quite likely to be associated with an inferior soil and uninviting natural conditions—conditions and soil which compel the best efforts of man to make the farm productive. Where but little effort is required for man to get enough to eat, drink and wear, there he is apt to be found doing just that little and no more, for with the great mass of the people their ambition dies when the common wants of the human are provided for. Thus we find far better methods of farming where the soil has to be nursed and carefully cared for than where it is naturally fertile and productive. The native of the West Indies will lie down to sleep by a banana bush, and when hunger wakes him he will reach up and satisfy his needs with food grown without effort, and then he will turn over and go to sleep again, while the Jap, the Hollander, the farmer in Maine or Michigan, must needs work and work hard along intelligent lines if he is to live at all.

FUTURE PRICES OF LAND.

We are asked what the future price of good farm land is likely to be where it is located in states like Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota and the Dakotas, land which now has a selling value of from $60 to $80 per acre. In one sense land values are governed by the rental value, but not altogether, for there is always the home side of the farm to be taken into consideration—its value as a place to live as well as a place on which to make money. In the best parts of the state of Illinois, where soil conditions are very similar to those of the states named, farms are now changing hands on a basis of from $125 to $150 per acre and justify this valuation, but it should be noted that a very different type of agriculture from the grain raising and grain selling methods of the lands above referred to is pursued. On these high priced farms the cow is the machine which extracts the profits from the soil and justifies the prices obtained. Whenever a more intensive and sensible method of treating the soil on the seventy dollar land is put into operation then such land will command higher prices, but not before.



NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

PRISON DOORS OPEN

From Reek and Filth Within, Autocracy's Victims Stagger to Freedom.

5 600 JEWS SLAIN AT ODESSA

Conditions Throughout Russia Are Gradually Improving—Blood Lust of Roughs at Odessa Sated to the Full. Soldiers Resume Their Authority.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 6.—Sunday happily passed in St. Petersburg without disorders or bloodshed. The Social Democrats and revolutionists had planned a mammoth demonstration in connection with the funerals of those killed in last week's riots and it was intended to form gigantic processions representing the various industrial organizations in the suburbs, and, flying red flags, bear the bodies of the "martyrs" in state through the center of the city.

When it became known that General Trepoff would not permit a big demonstration threatening disorder, and that the mayor had issued a proclamation saying that the streets were no place for the airing of political grievances, the Socialist leaders called off their plans, declaring that they feared "this demonstration of the people was marked for slaughter, for which they were not prepared at present. The people will give battle when ready, not when Trepoff wants it."

The revolutionary leaders anticipate a period of comparative quiet and speak of the great strike sympathy as a "manoeuvre" which forced autocracy to make concessions.

Will Keep Up the Fight.

"We haven't any intention of ending the fight now," said one of them, "but will organize and arm the people for the final struggle. We expect nothing from bureaucracy and only by a popular uprising can we achieve our aim, which is a constituent assembly."

While the news received from the provinces indicates that something like normal conditions is being restored in many regions, the situation continues grave in the Baltic provinces, the Caucasus, Odessa and other places in the south, where the outrages generally have taken an anti-Jewish nature.

Thomas E. Heenan, the American consul at Odessa, has sent a telegram to the American embassy saying that since Tuesday the bloody attacks upon the Jews have continued and that he estimates the number killed in thousands. Artillery, he says, has been employed to suppress the rioting and that the Jews have fired from windows upon the troops in the streets. Fortunately, he adds, thus far American interests are unaffected.

Hatred of Jews Being Vented.

Fatal encounters between the soldiers and the populace and anti-Jewish excesses are reported from many places in the provinces. At Kremenchug 20 persons were killed and 80 injured. At Kutais a military train was wrecked and nine soldiers were killed. After the collision the revolutionaries opened a rifle fire on the train and the troops replied in kind. There were several killed or injured on both sides. At Berdicheff several persons were killed or injured, and at Minsk serious rioting arose through the troops preventing a meeting of citizens. The troops fired volleys into the crowds and there was intermittent firing for a long time. A hundred were killed and 600 wounded. Indescribable horrors are being witnessed every day. The massacre and pillage of the Jews continues at Kishineff.

From all over Russia comes news of the release of political prisoners under the amnesty proclamation. There were many pitiful incidents connected with the reuniting of families here in St. Petersburg. A relief committee has been organized to furnish clothing and aid the poor wretches. The doors of the Bastile Spalernia, the detention prison on the Viborg side of the river, were opened at 6 o'clock last night. Notwithstanding the hour and the darkness, several thousand persons congregated about the entrance. The authorities gave to each person released 20 cents to pay his cab fare and turned him loose.

Some Prisoners Are Excepted.

The news of the coming release was known inside the prison walls on the previous night. One woman as she was set free shouted "Down with autocracy!" Another, who was all ready for her release, but who at the last moment was informed that she did not come within the provisions of the amnesty proclamation, went into hysterics and fainted.

The manifesto of Emperor Nicholas granting the demands of the Finns has been signed and dispatched to Helsingfors. It convokes the diet on Dec. 20, abolishes the dictatorship, rescinds Governor General Bobrikoff's illegal enactments, annuls the manifesto of Feb. 15, 1899, which provided for common legislation in the empire, and all the laws since enacted. It announces that the extraordinary diet now convoked is for the revision of the diet's electoral bases.

Odessa, Nov. 6.—The casualties in Saturday's disturbances exceed 140 and those preceding three days, which have been verified, number nearly 5,600.

The latest accounts of the devastation in the Jewish quarter add horror to the situation. Besides numerous mills, all the bakeries, shops and nearly 600 houses have been destroyed. The Jews killed in every circumstance were treated with revolting barbarity. Heads were battered with hammers, nails were driven into the bodies, eyes were gouged out and ears severed. Many bodies were dismembered and in some cases petroleum was poured over the sick found hiding in cellars and they were burned to death.

It is alleged that the police and soldiers everywhere marched at the head of mobs, inciting them to destroy the Jews by crying, "The Jews have killed our emperor," and similar expressions. While the mobs were engaged in the slaughter the soldiers busied themselves pillaging the cash and jewels, leaving the household goods to the mobs. The owners of many houses got rid of the bandits by paying a ransom to the police.

The police prevented anyone from arresting the looters and prevented also the Red Cross workers from aiding the wounded, actually firing upon those engaged in this work. A band of students removed much of the stolen property to the university, whither also they took 100 dead bodies of anti-Jewish demonstrators whose relatives have besieged the university, claiming the corpses and demanding the release of those demonstrators who were confined in the university. They threatened otherwise to burn the university and kill the professors. Measures were thereupon taken to transfer these prisoners to the regular prison.

Slaughter of Jews Coolly Plotted.

London, Nov. 6.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph claims to possess ample documentary evidence that the anti-Jewish riots had nothing to do with the manifesto granting a constitution, but were systematically organized weeks ago by persons claiming to be partisans of the autocracy, who obtained recruits from among the off scourings of society. The promulgation of the constitution and the attendant demonstrations, says the correspondent, afforded a welcome opportunity for the execution of this nefarious scheme.

Dispatches to the Daily Telegraph and the Daily Mail confirm the horrible nature of the anti-Jewish attacks at Odessa and estimate the dead and wounded at thousands. They state that General Kaulbars proclaimed that any one found looting would be summarily shot. Jews seeking to escape were dragged out of trains and murdered. They were chased even over the roofs of houses and killed, while persons suspected of harboring Jews were roughly handled.

The Daily Mail's Bucharest correspondent asserts that the revolutionaries in Kishineff seized artillery from the troops and bombarded Jewish shops and houses. The railway, says the correspondent, was in possession of the rioters, so that escape was impossible. The city was completely sacked and partly destroyed by fire. A provisional republican government, adds the correspondent, has been established.

Great Demonstration at Warsaw.

Warsaw, Nov. 6.—Great patriotic demonstrations were held in the streets by crowds estimated at 200,000 persons. Processions headed by clergy and singing "God save Poland" paraded the principal streets, which were elaborately decorated. The balconies and windows of the houses were filled with spectators. A citizen guard kept exemplary order and the military massed in the side streets had no occasion to interfere.

An attempt by the Russian loyalists to organize a procession was a complete failure, barely 500 persons taking part in it. A Jewish militia, armed with revolvers, is guarding Jewish houses in the outskirts of the city. The militia shot and killed four disguised detectives found trying to provoke disturbances.

Riga, Nov. 6.—A conflict took place between Old Believers and Jews. The casualties were 10 killed and 15 wounded.

London, Nov. 6.—A dispatch to a news agency from Helsingfors, Finland, says that Emperor Nicholas has just issued a manifesto granting Finland a constitution.

London, Nov. 6.—A dispatch from Helsingfors to Reuters Telegram company says that the strikers at Uleaberg and Kuopio have expelled the governors of those towns.

Castro May Yield to France.

Caracas, Nov. 6.—The Venezuelan government on Saturday delivered to Mr. Russell, the American minister, a note reaffirming the willingness of the government to withdraw its note concerning M. Taigny, the French charge d'affaires at Caracas, if the French government likewise would recall its request that Venezuela would not treat further with M. Taigny until he apologized for his statement that the French cable company had been treated unjustly.

Montenegro to Have Constitution

Cettinje, Montenegro, Nov. 6.—Prince Nicholas has issued a manifesto announcing that he has decided on his own initiative to grant to the people a representative assembly and therefore orders the holding of free elections for deputies on Nov. 27.

Col. Henderson at Death's Door.

Dubuque, Ia., Nov. 6.—Colonel D. B. Henderson, formerly speaker of the national house of representatives, is at the point of death. He is suffering from partial paralysis.

Queen of Portugal Thrown by Horse.

Lisbon, Nov. 6.—The queen of Portugal was thrown from her horse at Cascaes. Her injuries were slight.

GIRL'S HEAD FOUND

Handbag, Weighted With Lead, Contained Ghastly Features of Susan Geary.

FISHED FROM BOTTOM OF RIVER

Dr. McLeod, Implicated in Suitcase Murder, Released on $20,000 Bail. Nathan to Be Arraigned Today. Woman Attendant Still Missing.

Boston, Nov. 6.—What is believed to be the head of Susan A. Geary, the dress suitcase victim, has been recovered in a leather handbag from the bottom of the harbor. It was dragged to the surface very near the point where Louis W. Crawford and William Howard, who have confessed to disposing of the dismembered body of the girl, said they dropped it from the stern of an East Boston ferryboat.

The head completes the body of the girl. The trunk was found on Sept. 21 and the limbs were picked up Oct. 27. The leather bag in which the head had been placed, together with 30 pounds of lead shot, did not move apparently from the place where it sank.

The bag with its contents was taken to a Howard street undertaking establishment. The head was in a good state of preservation and it is thought by the police that it will be readily recognized as that of Miss Geary.

The police continued the search for Mary S. Dean, who is said to have had charge of the Roxbury home in which Miss Geary died after being removed from the Tremont street resort. The hunt for the woman was without result and it is believed that she left the city as soon as she learned of the arrest of Crawford and Howard.

Morris Nathan, the lover of Miss Geary, will be arraigned in court today on a charge of abortion.

Dr. Percy D. McLeod, who was arrested for alleged complicity in the case, has left town for a few days. He is under bonds of $20,000.

The police intimate that they have evidence to show that other similar cases have occurred in this city and that the bodies of several of the victims have been disposed of secretly.

When asked concerning the alleged confessions of Louis W. Crawford and William Howard, the New York prisoners, Chief William B. Watts of the Boston bureau of criminal investigation, said:

"The confession of these two men is the most startling and sensational story I have ever heard. I do not like to think of it. It is a terrible story and the most remarkable tale I, in all my years of police service, ever heard of."

MURDER IN LOW LIFE.

Girl Frequenter of Tenderloin Resorts Brutally Slain.

New York, Nov. 6.—With her skull crushed by a blow with an iron bar, the still warm body of Gussie Leicher, a frequenter of "Tenderloin" resorts, was found in the room in which she lived in West Twenty-eighth street. The police believe that she was killed by a man with whom she lived in a quarrel caused by her refusal to account to him for all her earnings. Attention was called to the tragedy when a woman living in the house heard a sound of quarreling, followed by a heavy fall, and then saw a tall, well-dressed man dart out of the Leicher girl's room and run down stairs.

Beside the body was a heavy piece of bar iron wrapped in a newspaper and stained with blood. While the police were examining the room a girl known as Lottie Williams and a man named Isidor Leicher entered and said that they had come to inquire whether the girl was badly hurt. Both were arrested on suspicion.

TAFT AND PARTY AT PANAMA.

Look Over Canal Route for Location of Fortifications.

Panama, Nov. 6.—The United States secretary of war, Mr. Taft, accompanied by Colonel Edwards, chief of the bureau of insular affairs; Lieutenant Colonel William M. Black and Lieutenant Mark Brooke, last Friday examined the location for fortifications at the Pacific terminal of the canal.

The Associated Press is informed that the small foothill at Ancon is the point selected. Regarding the fortification of an island in Panama bay to protect the canal entrance it was decided to do nothing until the canal is finished. The engineers left here Saturday afternoon for Colon, where the location for forts presents more difficulties than at Panama. These will probably be erected on Toro point, where some Americans own a cocoanut plantation.

Noted Ohican Dies in Delaware.

London, O., Nov. 6.—Colonel H. H. Prettyman of London, is dead at Milford, Del., where he went two weeks ago to visit a sister. Mr. Prettyman was a member of the staff of the late Governor Bushnell and was known in political circles throughout Ohio.

Husband, Wife and Son Cremated.

Dayton, O., Nov. 6.—Jacob Haugh, his wife and his son, Jesse, were cremated in a fire which destroyed their cottage here. Oliver Haugh, another son, was seriously burned.

RIVER WORK TO GO ON.

Estimates of Sums to Be Expended on Nearby Streams.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Sixteen million dollars will be necessary to complete the engineering work of fortifications of the sea coasts of the United States under the plans of the Endicott board, according to the report of Brigadier General Alexander Mackenzie, chief of engineers. There has already been appropriated for this purpose $28,093,434. Permanent projects at 31 different points have been adopted and most of them are well under way.

No estimates are made this year for river and harbor improvements save those provided for under continuing contracts. This amounts to $17,456,901. Among the estimates for the continuing contracts are the following:

Mississippi river between Missouri river and St. Paul, Minn., $300,000; between St. Paul and Minneapolis, $297,543; Monongahela river, $389,196; Ohio river locks and dams, $1,281,376; Allegheny river, $281,226; movable dams, Ohio river, $653,400; St. Marys river at the Falls, Michigan, $600,000; Hay Lake channel, Michigan, $1,000,000; Detroit river, Michigan, $760,000; Cleveland harbor, $550,000; Cumberland river above Nashville, Tenn. $200,000; Tennessee river, Chattanooga, Tenn., to Riverton, Ala., $240,000; Big Sandy river, West Virginia, $10,000; Kentucky river, Kentucky, $17[illegible]00; Huron harbor, Ohio, $26,000; Black River harbor, Ohio, $46,000.

SEVEN MINERS KILLED.

Another Disaster Occurs in Flat Top Field in West Virginia.

Bluefields, W. Va., Nov. 6.—The Flat Top field has suffered another disastrous explosion in one of its mines located at Vivian. Seven miners have succumbed to their injuries and more are expected to die. There were about 15 men in the vicinity of the explosion, and that more were not killed and injured is a miracle.

It is said that an accumulation of gas ignited from a miner's lamp, but the most reasonable version is that it was due to a shot "blowing out." The explosion was of terrific force and caused a heavy fall of slate and debris. The dead are J. H. Carter, Howard McGhee, Lewis Brown, John Bradley, Robert Norman, Page Hunley and Hardin Divens.

The explosion occurred in a mine of the Flat-water Coal and Coke company. This is the second explosion that has occurred in these mines in the last four months. The first occurred on July 5 of this year, killing 10 men.

ROOSEVELT EXPLAINS.

Tells Why Cabinet Members Were Advised Not to Talk.

Washington, Nov. 6.—An explanation has been made by President Roosevelt of his so-called "gag" order given to members of the cabinet just before his departure for the south. The explanation was made to a number of newspaper men.

The president said the advice—he did not call it an order—was given because cabinet discussions were so frequently inconclusive that any publication about them were often misleading. The advice was not intended to forbid cabinet officers discussing matters in their own departments, but when they did that they were not to disclose the proceedings in the cabinet meetings for the reasons already indicated.

The president hoped that that explanation would disabuse the minds of the special correspondents, who, he observed, appeared to feel that they had been muzzled.

Craps Game Ends in Murder.

Cleveland, Nov. 6.—In a quarrel over a game of craps in a saloon last night William Watkins shot and killed George M. Gregory, colored, a former member of the Cleveland police force. Police officers had just started out to find the man who did the shooting when a colored man who was coming toward them started to run away. He was pursued and captured and proved to be Watkins.

Seven Slain by Tornado.

Mountain View, Okla., Nov. 6.—Seven persons have been killed and many injured by a tornado here. The school house, two churches, two livery barns, one hotel, a cotton gin and about 12 dwellings were blown away and many more houses were wrecked. The dead are W. T. White, F. W. Clark, Jennie Jones, Mrs. W. M. Holt and child, J. S. Barclay, Mrs. Smith.

Unfrocked Minister Ordained.

New York, Nov. 6.—With much ceremony the Rev. Ingram N. W. Irvine of Philadelphia, formerly the rector of St. John's Episcopal church, Huntingdon, Pa., and unfrocked by Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, has been ordained as a priest of the Holy Orthodox Greek church in America at the cathedral of St. Nicholas by Archbishop Tikon, head of the Russian church in this country.

Frenchman Returns from Exile.

Paris, Nov. 6.—Paul Deroulede, the founder of the League of Patriots, has arrived in Paris after an exile of six years. He was met at the station by a large crowd, which gave him an enthusiastic welcome and escorted him through the city singing the "Marseillaise."

Dry Sunday in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Nov. 6.—For the first time since 1888 licensed saloons in Minneapolis were closed on Sunday.

LOUIS A SOCIAL LION

Royal British Admiral Guest at Numerous Affairs at Washington.

REJOINS HIS SQUADRON TODAY

Counsellor of British Embassy Gives Dinner Last Night, at Which Miss Alice Roosevelt Was Among the Guests—Visits Mount Vernon.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Rear Admiral Louis of Battenberg was the guest of honor at a luncheon given by Assistant Secretary Oliver of the war department and Mrs. Oliver, and last night was entertained at a dinner given by Walter eBaupre Townley, counsellor of the British embassy, and Lady Townley. Both these affairs were informal. The remainder of the time was spent mostly at the embassy, where the prince is a guest of Ambassador and Lady Durand.

ADMIRAL PRINCE LOUIS OF BATTENBERG.

During the afternoon Prince Louis made several calls among others at the home of Mrs. John P. Jackson, the widow of an officer of the American army. The prince received a number of callers who desired to pay their respects in the course of the day.

At the luncheon given by the Olivers, at which Joseph H. Choate, former ambassador to Great Britain was a guest of honor, the guests included the British ambassador and Lady Durand, the Japanese ambassador and Madame Jusserand, Associate Justice Holmes of the supreme court and Mrs. Holmes, Attorney General Moody, Mrs. Taft, wife of the secretary of war, Mrs. John Davis and Miss Boardman of this city.

At the dinner last night the guests were Prince Louis, Mr. and Mrs. Elliot McRoosevelt, Captain Ryan, the naval attache of the British embassy, and Mrs. Ryan, Captain Kerr, commander of one of the ships of Prince Louis's squadron and Mrs. and Miss Townsend of Philadelphia. Following the dinner there was an "at home" to the officers of the prince's squadron now in Washington.

Today is the last day on which Prince Louis will be in Washington. A trip to Mount Vernon in the morning will be the main feature. It will be made on the Dolphin and the prince will be accompanied, it is expected, by Secretary Root, Assistant Secretary of State Bacon, Ambassador Durand and Captain Ryan. In the afternoon the prince will return to Annapolis to rejoin his squadron.

FATAL GAS EXPLOSION.

Three Dead and Thirteen Injured in Michigan Town.

Detroit, Nov. 6.—A News special from Ishpeming, Mich., says three children are dead and 13 people are injured, one fatally, as the result of an explosion which completely destroyed the Miners' National bank.

The dead are: Steven Goodman, age 12 years, Alice McGee, age 10, and Edward McGrath, age 12.

A gas leakage in the basement of the bank building was primarily responsible for the explosion and loss of life. Gas was detected coming from the building and two workmen went into the basement with lighted candles to investigate. The flame evidently ignited the gas in the basement, for a tremendous explosion followed. The two workmen were blown through a basement window and landed uninjured in an open box car standing on a nearby track. The building was completely wrecked. The three children killed were passing the building on their way to church and were caught in the falling debris. The explosion broke windows in many stores in the business district and scattered the papers and documents of the bank for blocks around.

Died on Way to New Home.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Mrs. Martha Johnson of Cambridge, Minn., who with her husband and 10 children was bound for a new home in Cuba, died on a West Shore train. The woman had a cancer and it was thought that a change of climate would prolong her life, so her husband sold his farm in Minnesota and bought a plantation on the outskirts of Havana.

China Opening Her Doors.

London, Nov. 6.—China has opened the port of Haichau to foreign trade.

Theater Gossip.

Savage's English Grand Opera Company—"Man and Superman."

Henry W. Savage's tenth season of his English Grand Opera company opened recently in Brooklyn with an elaborate new production of Verdi's famed Egyptian opera "Aida." This is only one of seven masterpieces in the company's repertory this season. The English singing artists were welcomed by an audience that completely filled Senator Reynolds' new playhouse, the music lovers remaining after the last curtain to call out the favorite artists and conductors for a final ovation.

Mme. Serena, who recently arrived from Paris, made her American debut in the title role and scored a pronounced hit. This talented young Roumanian singer was Jean De Reszke's star pupil before she made her Paris debut two years ago. Other members of the cast included Rita Newman, the dramatic contralto; Joseph Sheehan, who electrified the audience with his high C in the famous "Celeste Aida;" Winfred Goff, the artistic baritone; Ottley Cranston, the basso of last year's "Parsifal" company, and Millicent Brennan, another new prima donna.

Following "Aida," the repertory for the week included Wagner's "Lohengrin" and "Tannhauser," Puccini's "La Boheme," Gounod's "Faust" and Verdi's "Rigoletto." This latter exquisite and popular work is one of the chief new features this season, and it more than duplicated the success of "Aida."

Wagner's "Valkyrie" is to have its first production in English this season by Mr. Savage during the coming Boston engagement.

The company has started on its second cross continental tour, carrying over 150 people and an orchestra of fifty musicians, under Conductors N. B. Emanuel, Elliot Schenck and Eugene Salvatore.

"Man and Superman" grows more popular as the weeks go by. It is not likely any other attraction will be seen at the Hudson theater, New York, this season. The author, George Bernard Shaw, seemed to understand New Yorkers better than they understood themselves when he predicted that they would accept the piece heartily. Like Shaw's other play "You Never Can Tell," for instance it takes with the people.

Robert Loraine has scored the hit of his career in the play, and his supporting company is one of undisputed excellence.

In this country the admirers of Bernard Shaw are commonly referred to as

ROBERT LORAINE.

"Shawites." In London the British reviewers say "Shawians." In the west they call them "Shawnees," but it has remained for New York to coin still another word applying to the author's admirers. Owing to the fact that in "Man and Superman" an automobile figures prominently the attaches of the Hudson theater speak of Shaw patrons as "Shawfeurs."

At the Empire theater, New York, John Drew in Augustus Thomas' American comedy, "De Lancey," continues to please large audiences. At the Princess theater Margaret Anglin, who has been compared to Bernhardt by one capable critic, is attracting large and cultured audiences who rave over her Zira. "The Walls of Jericho" continues to fall nightly at the Savoy, where James K. Hackett and Mary Mannering are appearing in the Sutro study of English aristocracy.

Theodore Kremer in his latest strain upon the nerves, "Queen of the Convicts," sets Miss Selma Herman a lively pace. He brings her on in bare feet, requires her to milk a cow, has her fight a duel, makes her do a Servian dance and drives her to a flipflap through a stage door. Both Miss Herman and the cow are wondering whether they will last through the season.

Eddie Hanlon.

Eddie Hanlon, who, although he won on a foul from Willie Fitzgerald, had all the honors of the contest at the time the fight was terminated and thereby surprised a good many of the wise ones who figured that Fitz had nearly a cinch on the long end of the purse, is another sample of the fighter who has caught his second wind, and with his temperate mode of living he seems good for a long stay in the game and possibly a crack at the championship later on.

Knox to Sell Stable.

C. B. Knox will sell all of his horses except Anaconda, the double gaited champion.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BOTH CHAIRMEN CLAIM THE STATE

Result Will Not be Known Until Tonight.

PLURALITY WILL BE SMALL.

Ohio State Journal Says That from Reports from Seventy-six Counties it Appears That Herrick Leads Pattison by Twenty-five Hundred.

Columbus, Nov. 8.—(By Associated Press.)—Both Chairman Dick and Chairman Garber are still claiming the election of the entire state tickets today but give no figures. It is doubtful whether the result will be positively known until tonight. Republican counties throughout the state show enormous Republican losses and Democrats have gained almost everywhere. It is a question, however, whether they have gained enough to overcome the 238,000 plurality last year. Both chairmen have sent messages to county chairmen urging prompt reporting of results and each hoped to have definite figures during the morning. From figures now at hand it seems that Pattison will certainly carry his entire ticket with him if he is elected, and that on the other hand Herrick might be elected and be the only Republican to pull through. In Franklin county full returns give Herrick a plurality of 1,874, while Harris, Republican candidate for lieutenant governor, has only 1,111 plurality. The Ohio State Journal (Republican) in an extra says that from incomplete reports from seventy-six of the eighty-eight counties it appears that Herrick is 2,500 votes ahead of Pattison and that by estimating other counties by the same ratio of loss Herrick will be a winner by 2,300 votes.

Chairman Garber says the "indications are that Pattison is elected by from forty thousand to fifty thousand. We have carried both houses of the legislature by the largest majority we ever had."

PATTISON IS SAFE.

Both Houses of the Legislature Will Be Democratic.

Columbus, Nov. 8, 2 p. m.—(By Associated Press.)—John M. Pattison, Democrat, will be the next governor of Ohio and his party associates on the state ticket also have all been elected, according to indications received here up to 11 o'clock this morning. Exact figures may not be known today but there seems to be no reason to doubt the success of the entire Democratic state ticket by at least a safe plurality. Chairman Dick has refused to admit officially the defeat of his ticket up to 11 o'clock. Both houses of the legislature will be Democratic.

POLITICAL REVOLUTION.

Every Fight Lost to Regular Republicans.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—(By Associated Press.)—The political revolution in this city and in the state yesterday was the greatest that has occured in Pennsylvania in nearly a generation. Every office for which there was the semblance of a contest has been lost to the regular Republicans. The plurality of William H. Berry for state treasurer will be nearly 100,000. The city plurality is 43,333. The vote for state treasurer in Philadelphia was: Berry, Fusion, 134,797; Plummer, Republican, 98,760.

ALMOST A CLEAN SWEEP.

Democrats Carry Cleveland and Cuyahoga County.

Cleveland, Nov. 8.—Cuyahoga county and Cleveland have gone overwhelmingly Democratic. Democrats and Republicans practicly agree that Pattison has carried the county by from 10,000 to 13,000. Mayor Johnson has carried Cleveland by 8,000, at the least.

In the overwhelming defeat suffered by the Republicans they have saved not more than three officers from the wreck. These are Probate Judge Hadden, who may win; Councilman Pears in the fourteenth ward and possibly Councilman Wright in the twenty-sixth ward. Mayor Johnson claims the defeat of Hadden and Wright.

Chairman Hy Davis, of the Republican executive committee, believes Hadden is beaten, although not finally conceding this yet.

And the sweep is the greatest ever scored by a political party in the history of Cleveland.

No matter how long you have had the cough; if it hasn't already developed into consumption, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will cure it.

FARM LESSONS FOR CHILDREN.

Western States Making Agriculture a Primary Study.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 8.—Under a new law in this state all teachers in the primary and secondary grades must be able to impart the rudiments of agriculture to their pupils, to tell them something of the soil, its constituents, its culture, how it is seeded and how the crops are harvested. It is not supposed that every teacher will be able to farm, neither is it proposed to make of every pupil a practical agriculturist. The aim is to instill into the minds of the children a love and respect for agriculture, to make plain its possibilities, and in the end to make more farmers.

This new departure has come rather from the farmers than from the educators, although the latter have been quick to see the advantages of the new system. Scattered through the West are thousands of men who have made comfortable fortunes at farming. They like their vocation and they believe more men ought to be pursuing it.

Some Western states have established experimental high schools where agriculture is taught to advanced pupils. These have not been very successful. The error lay in not beginning the instruction in the lower grades. That mistake is now to be remedied. The advocates of the new plan insist that the present educational system has turned out too many trained dreamers and trained thinkers, and that it is high time that its product be trained doers.

Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska universities have been offering for several years normal courses in agriculture for teachers who desire to or must give such instruction. This step has received the recognition of state superintendents, who award certificates on the agreement to accept satisfactory work in agriculture in lieu of any science. The result has been to interest many teachers and to give rise to chairs of agriculture in the state normal schools. Other nearby states are following suit.

In Colorado Senator Patterson has offered $2,500 in gold as prizes to be distributed among the children of the state for the best cereal seed raised within the next three years. The competition is open to every boy or girl under eighteen.

In Nebraska and Kansas, two great corn states, corn improvement is the end sought. Back of the movement is the influence of the state college of agriculture, the farmers' institutes, the Corn Improvers' Association and the agricultural shows. In forty-two counties this year competitions have been held, the object of which is to induce the boys and girls to study the principles and conditions of plant growth. The public schools have in many instances taken up the work of corn growing under the direction of the county superintendent. In some the Farmers' Institute Association of the neighborhood or of the county has organized corn growing contests and arranged for a list of prizes. In others the teachers have urged the boys to grow a patch of corn of their own and prepare to exhibit it to the school when harvested the next fall. The merchants and business men generally of the small towns have caught the spirit and offered prizes.

Resolutions of Respect.

Navarre, Nov. 8.—At the last regular monthly meeting of Miller Post No. 270, department of Ohio, G. A. R., the following resolutions on the death of Comrade Henry R. Bennett were read and adopted:

Whereas, Captain H. R. Bennett was removed from our midst by the hand of death on Friday, October 13, and

Whereas, By this dispensation of an all wise Providence we are called to mourn the loss of an old citizen of our village and a successful business man, who in the dark days of the rebellion gave aid and assistance to the government and comrades in arms, and being truly patriotic and loyal, enlisted and was captain of Company D in the One Hundred and Sixty-second O. V. I., where he served faithfully until discharged by reason of expiration of term of enlistment. Therefore be it

Resolved, That in memory of his many virtues as a citizen and soldier, Miller post, who participated in the burial services at his grave in the cemetery at Massillon, O., Sunday afternoon, October 15, deem it eminently fitting and appropriate to commemorate the same in condoling with his widow and family in this their sad bereavement.

Resolved, That in his death we mourn with those that mourn and extend our heartfelt sympathies to his family, commending them to the care of Him who doeth all things well.

Resolved, That a copy of this expression as a token of love and respect be sent the family of our deceased comrade, and that the same be spread upon the minutes of Miller post and published in the Massillon Independent.

JAMES D. ALLMAN,
L. J. DAILEY,
REV. S. A. CORL,
JAMES CORL,
A. J. RIDER,
Committee.

Want column ads. pay. Try it.

Our Golden "Cold Waves."

We Americans are always talking about our mountains of gold and coal and iron, of our fat fields of corn and wheat, but few of us ever realize that we have in our climate a great advantage over all other nations. In the cold wave which in summer and winter so often sweeps across the land and sends the thermometer tumbling 30 degrees in almost as many minutes we have a constant, a never diminishing asset of priceless value. The wave acts as a tonic; but, unlike any tonic made by man, it carries no reaction. No other land has cold waves like ours. To the cold dry air of this periodic cold wave, which brings extraordinary changes of temperature, we owe much of the keen alert mind, the incessant, unremitting energy of our American race.—Century.

Nausea and Egg Skin.

In cases of violent nausea when all other remedies have failed the skin of a perfectly fresh egg is an almost immediate relief. If the first skin does not have the desired effect two more will cause a cessation without fail. This has been tried successfully in cases of cholera under the eye of a physician who acknowledged he had tried every known remedy in the pharmacopoeia. The egg skin is said to form a new coating temporarily for the stomach. The skin of an egg is the part that clings tightly to the inside of the shell. It can be given with milk or water and should be rolled up into as small a dose as possible.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily:

Country butter, per lb	26
Creamery butter	28
Eggs, per dozen	25
Chickens, spring, lb dressed	18
New Cabbage, per head	5-10
Lettuce, per lb	12
Onions, per peck	
Potatoes, per bushel	85

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	20-22
Eggs, per dozen	22
Chickens, live, per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed	15
Chickens, dressed	14
Potatoes, per bushel	6

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices.

Wheat	85
Oats	32-33
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	60
Straw, per hundred	50
Shelled corn, per bushel	55
Oats, per bushel	35
Corn	55
Hay, loose, per ton	$6-$8

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

Times for Holding Common Pleas Court, A. D. 1906.

State of Ohio
Ninth Judicial District

It is ordered that the terms of the Common Pleas Courts of the several counties in said judicial district, for the year 1906, be fixed as follows, to-wit:—

Columbiana County on the 15th day of January, and the 16th day of April and the 24th day of September.

Stark County on the 8th day of January, and the 7th day of May and the 17th day of September.

Carroll County on the 22nd day of January and the 21st day of May, and the 24th day of September.

Portage County on the 8th day of January and the 2nd day of April and the 3rd day of September.

Trumbull County on the 29th day of January, and the 8th day of April and the 1st day of October,

Mahoning County on the 8th day of January and the 7th day of May and the 17th day of September.

Ashtabula County on the 8th day of January, and the 16th day of April and the 24th day of September.

Lake County on the 5th day of February, and the 7th day of May and the 15th day of October.

Geauga County on the 15th day of January and the 23rd day of April, and the 1st day of October.

It is further ordered that the courts of the First sub-division be held by Judges Hole, Ambler and Harter.

That the courts of the Second sub-division be held by Judges E. E. Roberts, Rogers and Robinson

That the courts of the Third sub division be held by Judges Metcalf and J. W. Roberts.

It is further ordered that the Hon. George F. Robinson be designated as Supervising Judge, and that said terms of court begin at 10 o'clock a. m.

W. W. Hole,
Ralph S. Ambler,
Henry W. Harter,
W. S. Metcalf,
J. W. Roberts,
E. E. Roberts,
Disney Rogers,
George F. Robinson,
Judges Ninth Judicial District.

Dated at Youngstown, Ohio, this 14th day of October, A. D., 1905.

The State of Ohio, }
Stark County, S. S. }

I, Jacob J. Wise, Clerk of the Common Pleas Court in and for the County and State aforesaid, certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the written order fixing the day of the commencement of each term of the Common Pleas Courts, in each county of said Ninth Judicial district for the year 1906

[SEAL] In witness whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix the seal of said court, this 28th day of October, A. D. 1905

JACOB J. WISE, Clerk.

LOW ONE WAY FARES SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST.

Special Settlers' Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

November 7th and 21st reduced one-way Settlers' excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia. For full information regarding fares, time of trains, etc., apply to Local Ticket Agent of Pennsylvania Lines.

Southern Arkansas Lands.

Timbered, rolling, perfect drainage, no swamps, good water. Grow corn, cotton, small grains, cow-peas and believed to be the coming clover and alfalfa country—porous clay soil and clay subsoil—cheapest lands in Southwest. Splendid stock country — ten months range.

Write for Southern Arkansas booklet and Homeseekers' rates Sept. 19, Oct. 3 and 17, Nov 7 and 21.

L. O. SCHAEFER, T. P. A.,
Cotton Belt Route, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Times for Holding Circuit Courts A. D. 1906.

State of Ohio
Fifth Judicial Circuit.

It is ordered that the time of the beginning of the terms of the Circuit Courts of the several Counties in said Circuit for the year 1906, be fixed as follows, to-wit:

Ashland County on the 8th day of May and the 27th day of November.

Coshocton County on the 15th day of May and the 30th day of October

Delawar County on the 12th day of June and the 5th day of December

Fairfield County on the 9th day of January and the 10th day of September.

Holmes County on the 22nd day of May and the 13th day of November

Knox County on the 20th day of March and the 9th day of October.

Licking County on the 7th day of March and the 16th day of October,

Morgan County on the 24th day of April and the 20th day of November

Morrow County on the 29th day of May and the 18th day of December.

Muskingum County on the 17th day of April and the 23rd day of October.

Perry County on the 1st day of May and the 7th day of November.

Richland County on the 6th day of January and the 4th day of September.

Stark County on the 27th day of February and the 2nd day of October.

Tuscarawas County on the 5th day of June and the 11th day of December.

Wayne County on the 13th day of February and the 25th day of September

Said terms to begin at 9 o'clock a. m.

Dated September 19, 1905.

Maurice H. Donahue,
Thomas T McCarty,
Frank Taggart,
Judges.

The State of Ohio, }
Fifth Judicial Circuit }
Stark County, ss: }

I, Jacob J Wise, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Fifth Judicial Circuit, within said County of Stark, certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the written order fixing the time of the commencement of each term of the Circuit Court in each county in said Judicial Circuit for the year 1906.

[SEAL] In witness whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix the seal of said court, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1905

JACOB J. WISE, Clerk

Cheap Rates Southwest.

Less than one way fare for the round trip on Oct 3 and 17, Nov 7 and 21, Dec 5 and 19, to points in the Southwest, via St. Louis or Cairo, and Cotton Belt Route.

You can afford to go now, nearly as cheap traveling as staying at home

Write for maps and literature on Southeast Missouri, Arkansas, Northwest Louisiana, Texas. Also cost of tickets, time of trains, etc.

L. O. Schaefer, T. P. A., Cincinnati, O.
E. W. LaBeaume, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo Cotton Belt Route.

For Homeseekers.

Cheaper rates yet—less than one-way fare for the round trip to points in the Southwest. Go via St. Louis or Cairo, and Cotton Belt Route.

Dates of cheap rates Oct. 3 and 17, Nov. 7 and 21, Dec 5 and 19.

Finest time to visit the Southwest—see the crops and locate a home.

Write for maps, literature and cost of ticket to any point

L. O Schaefer, T. P. A., Cincinnati, O.
E. W. LaBeaume, G P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo. Cotton Belt Route.

St. Francis Valley Lands

Of Southeast Missouri and Northeast Arkansas, river bottom made soil, rich as cream; for corn, wheat, oats, clover, timothy, alfalfa, fruits and vegetables. Yield big crops, no failures. Open winters. Lands now cheap but advancing; investigate this fall. Homeseekers' rates Sept. 19, Oct. 3 and 17, Nov 7 and 21.

Write for St Francis Valley booklet.

L. O. SCHAEFER, T. P. A.,
Cotton Belt Route Cincinnati, Ohio.

TEXAS.

If you are contemplating a change, why not locate in Texas where the winters are mild and a home can be purchased for what you pay annually for rent in the North? East Texas offers opportunities for fruit and truck growers not equaled in any other section of our country. Write for literature and Homeseekers' rates Sept. 19, Oct. 3 and 17, Nov. 7 and 21.

L. O. SCHAEFER, T. P. A.,
Cotton Belt Route, Cincinnati, Ohio.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

TAXES FOR 1905.

The taxpayers are hereby notified of the rates of taxation on each dollar of valuation, as charged upon the tax duplicate of said County for the year 1905.

TOWNSHIPS AND CORPORATIONS	State Mills	State 100's	County Mills	County 100's	Road Mills	Road 100's	Twp. Mills	Twp. 100's	School Mills	School 100's	Sundry Mills	Sundry 100's	Poor Mills	Poor 100's	Corp. Mills	Corp. 100's	Dec. R. Mills	Dec. R. 100's	June R. Mills	June R. 100's	Total Mills	Total 100's		
Bethlehem	1	35	5	95	2	30	..	80	5	80	..	10	..	40	..	..	9	50	7	20	16	70	1	Bethlehem.
Canton	1	35	5	95	2	00	..	30	4	80	..	..	..	50	..	..	8	45	6	45	11	90	2	Canton.
Jackson	1	35	5	95	2	50	..	80	6	00	..	..	..	20	..	..	9	65	7	15	16	80	3	Jackson.
Lake	1	35	5	95	1	50	..	10	7	00	..	..	..	10	..	..	8	75	7	25	16	00	4	Lake.
Lawrence	1	35	5	95	1	30	..	50	4	00	..	..	..	20	..	..	7	30	6	60	13	30	5	Lawrence.
Lexington	1	35	5	95	3	00	..	30	4	70	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	15	6	15	15	30	6	Lexington.
Marlboro	1	35	5	95	2	10	..	50	6	80	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	40	7	30	16	70	7	Marlboro.
Nimishillen	1	35	5	95	2	00	..	60	4	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	20	6	20	14	40	8	Nimishillen.
Osnaburg	1	35	5	95	2	20	..	80	4	00	..	..	..	50	..	..	8	50	6	30	14	80	9	Osnaburg.
Paris	1	35	5	95	2	90	..	30	4	00	..	..	..	10	..	..	8	75	5	85	14	00	10	Paris.
Perry	1	35	5	95	3	00	..	30	4	40	..	..	..	60	..	..	9	30	6	30	15	60	11	Perry.
Pike	1	35	5	95	3	00	1	50	5	10	..	10	..	10	..	..	10	05	7	05	17	10	12	Pike.
Plain	1	35	5	95	2	50	..	50	3	50	..	..	..	30	..	..	8	30	5	80	14	10	13	Plain.
Sandy	1	35	5	95	3	80	..	60	5	0	..	60	..	10	..	..	8	60	6	80	15	40	14	Sandy.
Sugar Creek	1	35	5	95	3	00	1	50	8	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	55	8	55	20	10	15	Sugar Creek.
Tuscarawas	1	35	5	95	1	50	2	00	6	00	..	..	..	50	..	..	9	40	7	90	17	30	16	Tuscarawas.
Washington	1	35	5	95	1	70	..	50	3	70	..	..	..	10	..	..	7	50	5	80	13	30	17	Washington.
Alliance, Washington Township	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	50	9	90	..	..	..	10	14	00	15	90	15	90	31	80	18	Alliance, Washington Tp.
Alliance, Lexington Township	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	30	9	90	..	..	..	..	14	00	15	75	15	75	30	50	19	Alliance, Lexington Tp.
Beach City	1	35	5	95	..	..	1	50	10	00	..	..	..	..	4	00	11	40	11	40	23	80	20	Beach City.
Canton	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	30	8	00	..	..	..	50	13	00	15	00	15	00	30	00	21	Canton.
Canal Fulton	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	50	10	00	..	..	..	20	8	00	13	00	13	00	26	00	22	Canal Fulton.
Clinton, S. D.	1	35	5	95	1	30	..	50	8	00	..	..	..	20	..	..	9	30	8	00	17	30	23	Clinton, S. D.
Greentown, S. D.	1	35	5	95	1	50	..	10	11	00	..	..	..	10	..	..	10	75	9	25	20	00	24	Greentown, S. D.
Hostetter, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	90	..	30	2	50	..	..	..	10	..	..	8	00	5	10	13	10	25	Hostetter, S. D.
Limaville Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	30	4	70	..	..	..	..	4	00	8	15	8	10	16	30	26	Limaville Corp.
Louisville Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	60	5	00	..	..	..	..	14	00	13	45	13	45	26	90	27	Louisville Corp.
Magnolia Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	60	6	00	..	60	..	10	1	00	7	80	7	80	15	60	28	Magnolia Corp.
Marlboro, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	10	..	50	9	00	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	50	8	40	18	90	29	Marlboro, S. D.
Massillon Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	30	9	50	..	..	..	60	12	30	15	00	15	00	30	00	30	Massillon Corp.
Minerva Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	30	8	00	..	..	..	10	10	00	12	85	12	85	25	70	31	Minerva Corp.
Mapleton, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	20	..	80	4	00	..	..	..	50	..	..	8	50	6	30	14	80	32	Mapleton, S. D.
Navarre Corp.	1	33	5	95	..	..	..	80	13	90	..	10	..	40	7	50	15	00	15	00	30	00	33	Navarre Corp.
New Berlin, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	50	..	50	11	00	..	..	..	30	..	..	12	05	9	55	21	60	34	New Berlin, S. D.
New Franklin, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	90	..	30	9	00	..	..	..	10	..	..	9	25	6	35	15	60	35	New Franklin, S. D.
Osnaburg Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	80	7	00	..	..	..	50	7	00	11	30	11	30	22	60	36	Osnaburg Corp.
Uniontown, S. D	1	35	5	95	1	50	..	10	9	00	..	..	..	10	..	..	9	75	8	25	18	00	37	Uniontown Corp.
Waynesburg Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	..	60	7	50	..	60	..	10	10	00	13	05	13	05	26	10	38	Waynesburg Corp.
Wilmot Corp.	1	35	5	95	..	..	1	50	7	00	..	..	..	..	7	00	11	40	11	40	22	80	39	Wilmot Corp.
West Brookfield, S. D.	1	35	5	95	1	50	2	00	11	00	..	..	..	50	..	..	11	90	10	40	22	30	40	West Brookfield, S. D.
Canton Tp.-Osnaburg, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	00	..	30	4	00	..	..	..	50	..	..	8	05	6	05	14	10	41	Canton Tp.-Osbnaurg S. D.
Bethlehem Tp.-Tuscarawas, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	30	..	80	6	00	..	10	..	40	..	..	9	60	7	30	16	90	42	Bethlehem Tp.-Tuscarawas, S. D.
Jackson Tp.-Green Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	50	..	80	7	00	..	..	..	20	..	..	10	15	7	65	17	80	43	Jackson Tp.-Green Tp., S. D.
Lawrence Tp.-Jackson, S. D.	1	35	5	95	1	30	..	50	6	00	..	..	..	20	..	..	8	30	7	00	15	30	44	Lawrence Tp.-Jackson, S. D.
Lawrence Tp.-Baughman Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	1	30	..	50	4	40	..	..	..	20	..	..	7	50	6	20	13	70	45	Lawrence Tp.-Baughman Tp., S. D.
Lawrence Tp.-Tuscarawas Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	1	30	..	50	6	00	..	..	..	20	..	..	8	30	7	00	15	30	46	Lawrence Tp.-Tuscarawas Tp., S. D.
Marlboro Tp.-Portage Co., S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	10	..	50	4	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	25	6	15	14	40	47	Marlboro Tp.-Portage Co., S. D.
Nimishillen Tp.-Osnaburg, S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	00	..	60	4	00	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	95	5	95	13	90	48	Nimishillen Tp.-Osnaburg, S. D.
Osnaburg Tp.-Canton Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	20	..	80	4	80	..	..	..	50	..	..	8	90	6	70	15	60	49	Osnaburg Tp.-Canton Tp., S. D.
Perry Tp.-Tuscarawas Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	3	00	..	30	6	00	..	..	..	60	..	..	10	10	7	10	17	20	50	Perry Tp.-Tuscarawas Tp., S. D.
Plain Tp.-Jackson Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	50	..	50	6	00	..	..	..	30	..	..	9	55	7	05	16	60	51	Plain Tp.-Jackson Tp., S. D.
Plain Tp.-Lake Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	2	50	..	50	7	00	..	..	..	30	..	..	10	05	7	55	17	60	52	Plain Tp.-Lake Tp., S. D.
Sandy Tp.-Osnaburg, S. D.	1	35	5	96	1	80	..	60	4	00	60	..	..	10	..	..	8	10	6	30	14	40	53	Sandy Tp.-Osnaburg, S. D.
Sugar Creek Tp.-Tuscarawas Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	3	..	1	50	6	00	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	40	..	40	17	80	54	Sugar Creek Tp.-Tuscarawas Tp. S. D.
Tuscarawas Tp.-Sugar Creek Tp., S. D.	1	35	5	95	1	50	2	00	8	30	..	..	..	50	..	..	10	55	9	05	..	60	55	Tuscarawas Tp.-Sugar Creek Tp.

STATE LEVY	Mills	100's
Sinking Fund	..	13
University	..	32
State School	1	00
Total	1	35

COUNTY FUND	Mills	100's
County	1	70
Bridge	1	10
Poor		15
Childrens' Home		30
Judicial	..	10
Soldiers' Relief	..	33
Workhouse and Agricultural	..	20
Interest and Debt	1	20
Building	..	60
Election	..	20
State and County Road	..	20
Total	5	95

A FEW OBSERVATIONS REGARDING TAXES.

Taxes are now due.

First half payable between October 1 and December 20.

Last half payable between April 1 and June 20.

Taxes become a lien on property the day preceding the second Monday of April.

All delinquent taxes must be paid before December 20, otherwise the property will be advertised, and the third Tuesday of January, be sold for taxes.

After becoming delinquent, the penalty on Real Estate is 15 per cent; on delinquent Personal Tax the penalty is 10 per cent. These penalties do not belong to the Treasurer, and therefore cannot be remitted.

After tax sale, the penalty the first year to tax title purchasers is 15 per cent, plus 6 per cent interest; the second year the penalty is 25 per cent, plus 6 per cent interest. If not redeemed within two years, the property goes to the tax title purchaser.

Taxpayers have option of paying full year's taxes during December collection period, but are required to pay first half with delinquencies. The remaining half should be paid within June collection.

The tax year and calendar year are not the same. The first half of any year's tax is due and payable October 1, and until December 20. The second half is payable up to June 20 of the following year.

Many taxpayers have formed the habit of paying the December tax and the preceding June tax together, thinking they are paying the full year's tax. All such are paying the last half of one year's tax and the first half of the following year's tax, and consequently they are paying 15 per cent penalty on the preceding June tax. The proper way to pay a full year's tax without penalty is to pay in December for December and the following June.

Dog Tax and Road Tax are paid in full at the December collection each year. Therefore, to get the December rate, add the road to the whole rate and take half. To get the June rate, subtract the road rate from the full rate and take half. To get the December payment, multiply the valuaton by the December rate, add one dollar for each male dog assessed, and two dollars for each female dog.

Checks given in payment of taxes do not liquidate the county's claim until honored at the bank. When checks are not paid on presentation, the taxes for which the checks were given will be reopened without notice to person giving such checks.

When paying taxes, present your last receipt, as it assists very much in locating your property and tends to avoid error.

When you ask by mail for the amount of your taxes, designate your property clearly. State name in which property is listed, name the township and section. If in city, give city, ward and lot number.

The tax duplicate gives the property in the name in which it stood the day preceding the second Monday of April of the year for which the taxes are levied. So that any transfer made on or after the second Monday of April of any year will not appear on the tax duplicate until the next year.

The Treasurer's Office will be open between the hours of 8 A. M. and 4 P. M., except Saturday to 11:30 A. M.

To insure prompt answer, all inquiries by mail concerning taxes should be forwarded prior to December 10 and June 10. While every effort will be made to accommodate the public, taxpayers are urgently requested to call early and pay their taxes and thus save themselves, as well as the Treasurer, the disagreeable rush at the end of the season.

Treasurer's Office, Canton, Ohio, October 1, 1906.

J. ROYAL SNYDER, County Treasurer.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®